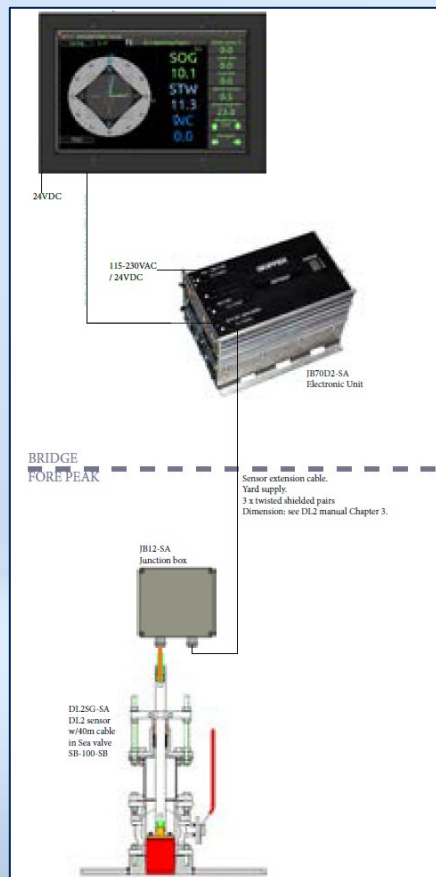


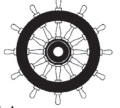
DL2

Dual Axis Doppler Speed Log System (SOG+STW) Installation manual



DL2**DUAL AXIS DOPPLER SPEED LOG SYSTEM**

INSTALLATION MANUAL

**Jotron SKIPPER**

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Document no: **DM-M010-SA**
Rev: 2602
Date: 03.03.2026
for softwares up to 1.3.0
Display unit CU-M001-SB

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CONTENTS

TERMINOLOGY	5
Terms used in this manual.....	5
CHAPTER 1: GETTING STARTED.....	7
Overview DL2.....	7
Optional items DL2.....	8
Items Not supplied by SKIPPER.....	9
Power supply requirements.....	9
CHAPTER 2: HARDWARE MOUNTING	10
Placement of the Operator unit	10
Display mounting option	10
Placement of the electronic unit	11
Placement of JB12 Junction box.....	11
Placement of repeaters	11
Placement of the sea valve	12
Placement of the Sensor in sea valve	13
CHAPTER 3: WIRING	16
Clamping the cables.....	16
CU-M001-SB Operator unit wiring.....	17
JB70D2-SA Electronic Unit Wiring	18
Connectors supplied with JB70D2	19
SENSOR CONNECTION J3	20
NMEA CONNECTION J1	21
AUX/Alarm CONNECTION J2.....	22
Yard supplied extension cable from sensor to JB70 Electronic unit.....	23
The junction box JB12-SA.....	23
CHAPTER 4: SETUP PROCEDURE	26
CONFIG	27
CU-M001 setup	28
JB70D2 setup.....	29
DL2 setup	30
Reset.....	33
Software options.....	34
Communications setup (NMEA/UDP)	36
NMEA.....	36
LAN UDP.....	36
NMEA sentences received	38
NMEA sentences transmitted	39
Alert setup	40
Setup AUX.....	45
System Diagnostics	47
Available options in the diagnostic page	47
Error messages.....	48
Saving and locking	48
Hardware options	49
Status LEDs	49
CHAPTER 6: SOLVING PROBLEMS	50
Software upgrade.....	50
APPENDIX 1: INSTALLATION DRAWINGS.....	51
APPENDIX 2: DATA SHEETS	57
APPENDIX 3: CONNECTING 2 SYSTEMS	60
APPENDIX 4: COMMISIONING CHECKLIST	61

TERMINOLOGY

TERMS USED IN THIS MANUAL

Units

Unless otherwise stated, all values shown on the display are as follows:

Speed	Knots
Distance (Vessel)	Nautical miles
Depth	Meters
Tilt	° Degrees
Temperature	° Centigrade
Rotation	Degrees per minute
Heading	Degrees


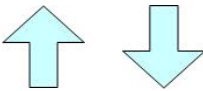

Abbreviations


In addition, the following symbols are used



WT	Water track
BT	Bottom track
STW	Speed through water
SOG	Speed over ground
Trip	Text for trip/total
ECDIS	Electronic Chart Display and Information System
INS	Inertial Navigation System
VDR	Voyage Data Recorder
ROT	Rotation from Gyro
GYRO	Gyroscopic heading / rotation sensor
HDG	Heading
DL2	2 Axis Doppler Log (with speed over bottom and Speed through water)
DL1	1 Axis speed through water sensor (part of DL21 system)
DL21	A system with combined DL1 and DL2 in the same housings
UDP	User Datagram Protocol.
SFI	System function Id
LAN	Local Area Network






Symbols

In addition, the following symbols are used

	Indicating that the information presented is partly from the GPS input, and therefore not from this sensor. (Outputs may show invalid data in this mode)
	Symbolising that the data presented is longitudinal (forward or backwards)
	Symbolising the data is transversal (port or starboard)

	Symbolising the resultant speed direction
---	---

	Simulator mode - The system is using a simulator to generate the speed and depth
	Option - Mute mode. The system has a sync option activated and is currently being muted (No acoustics)

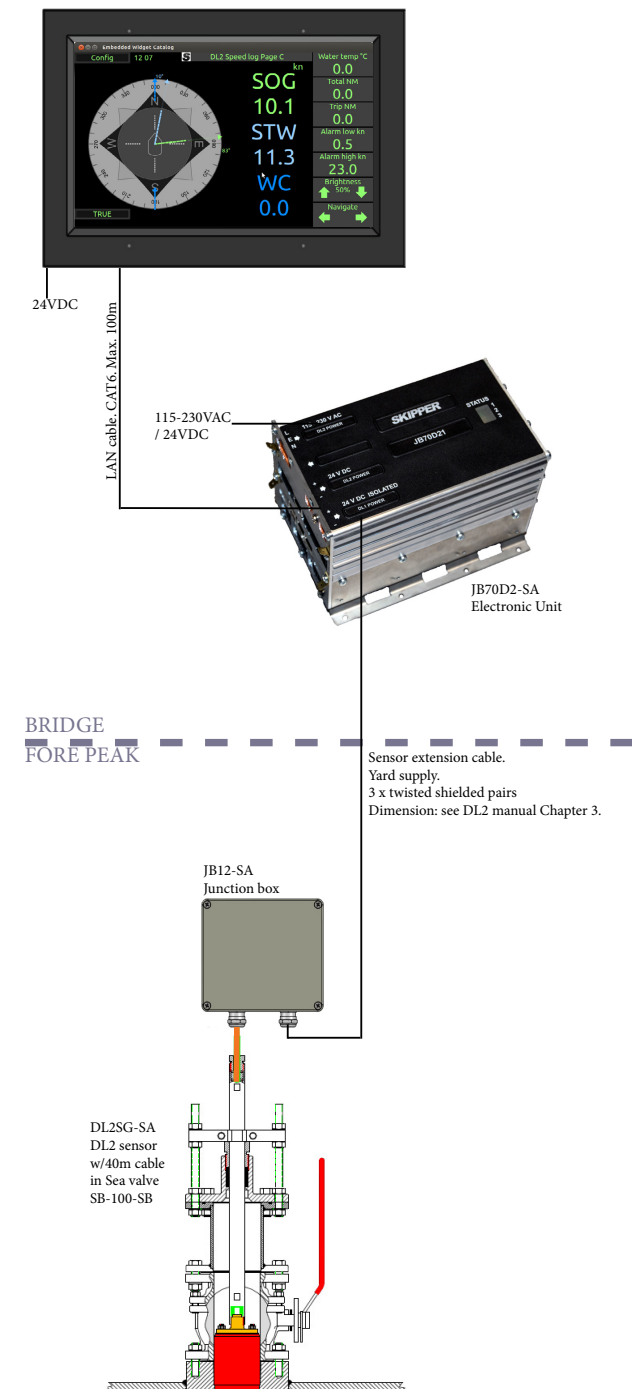
Symbol warning	Warning/Alert Status	Sound
	Unrectified, unacknowledged	2 beep
	Rectified, unacknowledged	No beep
	Unrectified, acknowledged	No beep
	Rectified, acknowledge (Normal)	No beep
	Silenced alarm	No beep for 30 seconds
	Responsibility transferred	No beep

CHAPTER 1: GETTING STARTED

OVERVIEW DL2

The DL2 dual axis Doppler speed log is a Navigational Doppler Speed log system that measures speed in two axis (longitudinal and transversal) through the water and over the sea bed. The system requires no external inputs, however adding inputs from other navigational systems enhances the functionality and allows comprehensive quality control of the data.

The system fulfills all class and type regulations based on MED B (wheelmark) and is manufactured in Norway under stringent production controls.



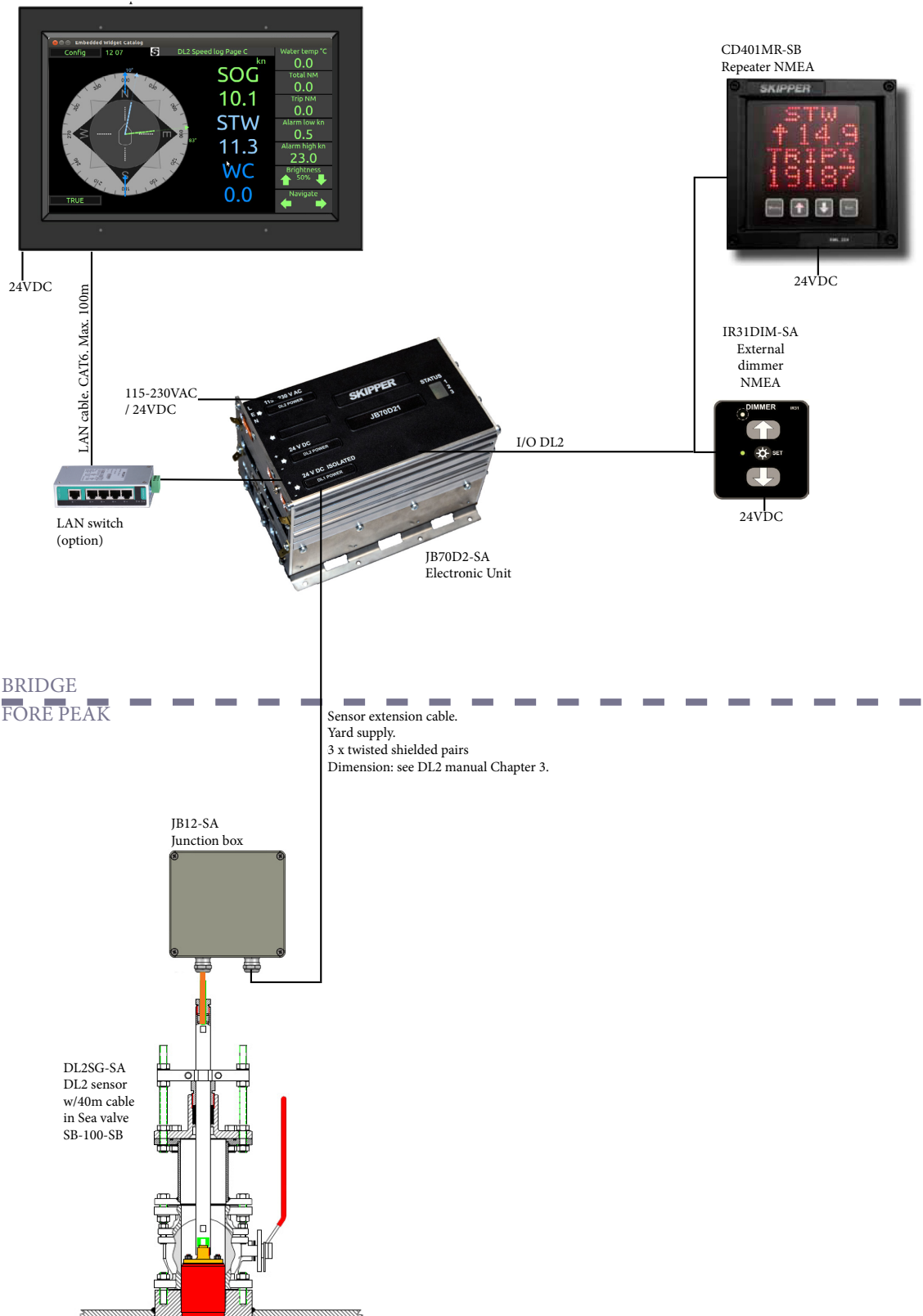
The system comprises of 5 units;

1. **The Operator unit – CU-M001-SB**
The system is to be fitted with a touch display panel where full setup and operation can be performed.
2. **The electronic unit – JB70D2-SA**
This unit comprises of a processor and a power supply. It is a compact single euro cabinet. It enables the user to interface to both modern and older navigation systems with all the expected connectivity. The unit has a built-in web server, allowing the system to be fully integrated into existing navigation systems (extra approvals may apply).
3. **Junction box JB12-SA.** To connect sensor cable to yard supplied extension cable.
4. **The sensor –** The sensor (DL2SG-SA) contains acoustic elements and a fully programmable transceiver unit, allowing the system to adapt itself to the conditions and requirements. In addition the sensor contains a temperature sensor and tilt sensors.
5. **Sea valve.** The sensor may be installed into a sea valve for single bottom hull (SB-100-XX) or sea valve for double bottom hull (DB-100-XX).

OPTIONAL ITEMS DL2

The following optional items are SKIPPER supplied:

- Speed Repeater CD401MR-SB
- External NMEA dimmer IR31DIM-SA



ITEMS NOT SUPPLIED BY SKIPPER

The following items are not SKIPPER supplied:

- LAN cable (minimum CAT6) from Operator unit to Electronic unit.
- The sensor is manufactured with a 40m cable. The cable may be cut or extended. Extension cable is minimum CAT7 type. See chapter 3 for lengths and dimensions.

POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

The following power supplies are required

- CU-M001-SB. Operator Unit. 24VDC. Max 10W, Typical 6W.
- JB70D2-SA. Electronic unit: 24VDC and/or 115/230VAC. Max 60W typical 15W.

There are no power switch on the CU-M001-SB or JB70D2-SA.

The power input should be including a manual circuit breaker.

There are no input fuse on the CU-M001-SB or JB70D2-SA.

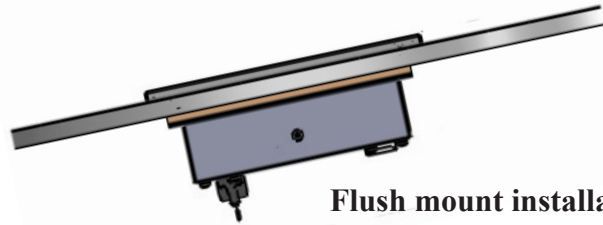
The power input should be including a fuse rated for 100% - 200% of max power installed components.

Example: 24V DC to power CU-M001-SB and JB70D2-SA should have a 3A slow blow fuse.

Optional items power supply requirement:

- CD401MR repeater. 24VDC. Max 10W, Typical 6W.
- IR31DIM-SA. External dimmer: 24VDC

CHAPTER 2: HARDWARE MOUNTING



Flush mount installation

PLACEMENT OF THE OPERATOR UNIT

The operator unit is placed on the bridge.

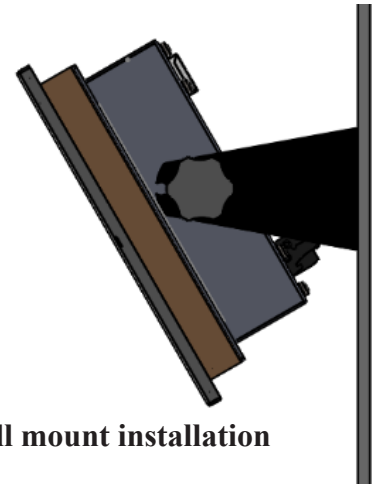
Some standards require some operations of the unit to be available from 'standing position'. These operations are available from the operator unit and multi-repeaters if both input and output are connected.

Dimensional drawings are found in Appendix 1.

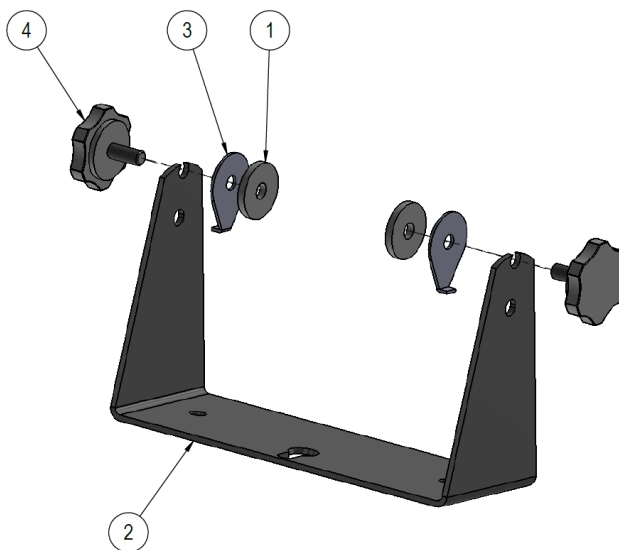
DISPLAY MOUNTING OPTION

The display is designed for flushmount installation with an option to purchase a wallmount/desktop bracket.

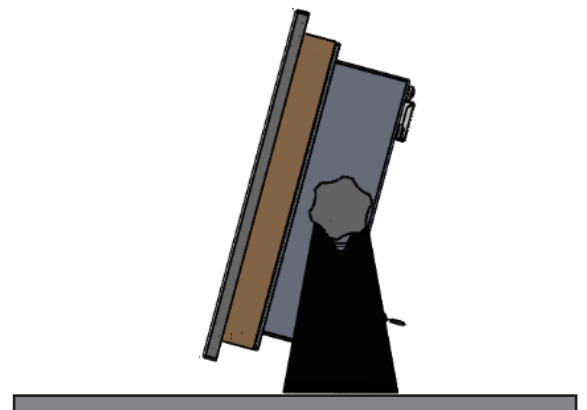
Part number: MG-0002. Mounting bracket for 9" touch display.



Wall mount installation



Desk mounted

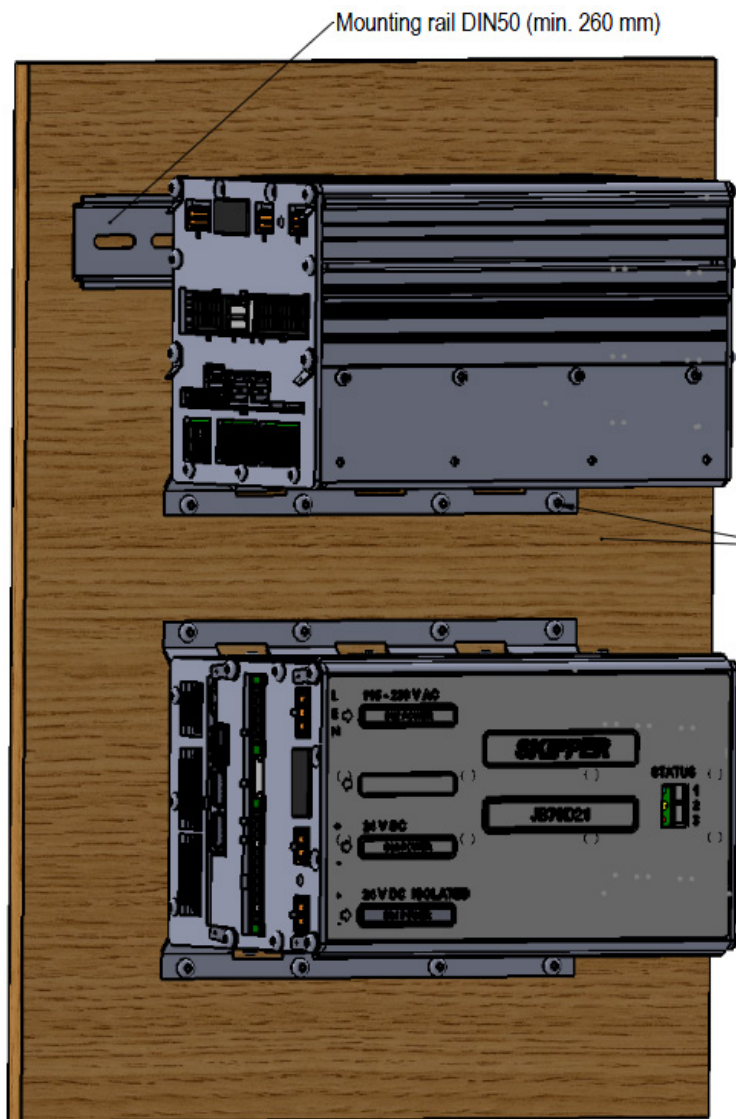


PLACEMENT OF THE ELECTRONIC UNIT

The electronic unit can be installed on a DIN rail or directly screwed onto the wall.

All parts of the system are connected to the electronic unit.

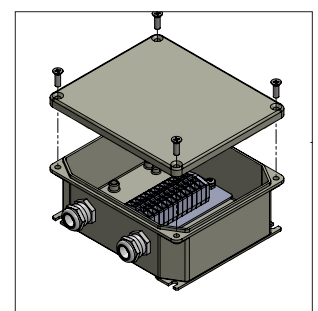
There are no buttons (like ON/OFF) in the electronic unit. Access is only required for service purpose. Placement is typically in or near the bridge where the interfaced systems are available, but no nearer than 0.5 m to the GYRO heading sensor. IP rating: IP20



PLACEMENT OF JB12 JUNCTION BOX

The junction box JB12 is an option for connecting sensor cable to a yard supplied extension cable (See chapter 3).

It is placed in a dry place within reach of the 40m sensor cable.



PLACEMENT OF REPEATERS

Repeaters are typically installed on the overhead console and/or the bridge wings. These can be routed using NMEA signals. These require a local +24 V DC supply.

PLACEMENT OF THE SEA VALVE

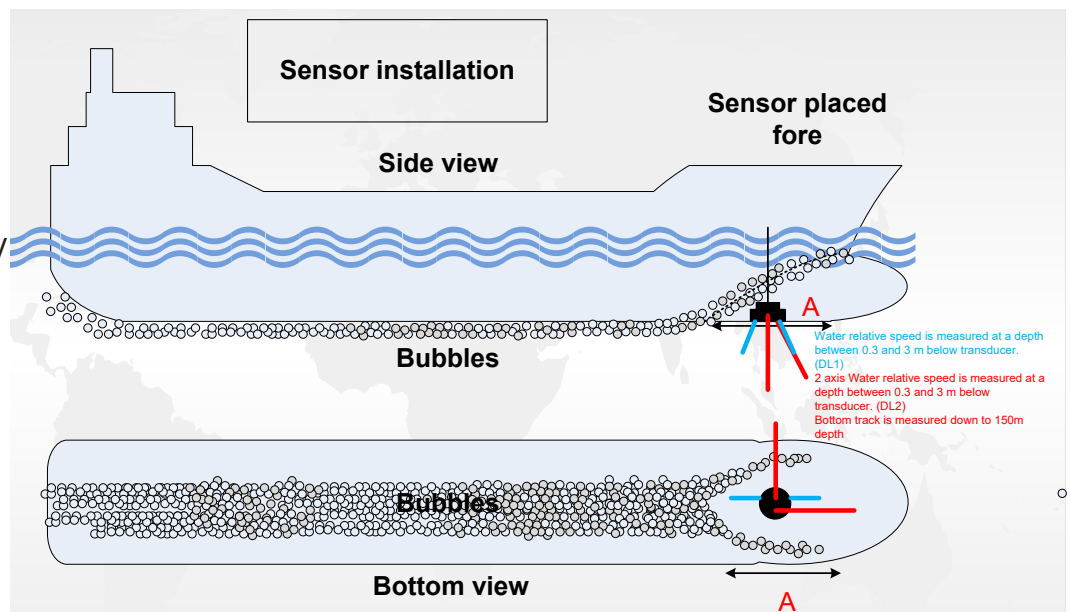
Mounting instructions for the sea valve is available from the SKIPPER web site in separate manual depending on the chosen type. When placing the speed log sensor, consider the following moments:

- Free sight to the bottom (it should be possible to draw a cone of +45 degrees from the sensor to the bottom).
- The active face of speed sensor must be in parallel to the horizontal line, max offset $\pm 1^\circ$.
- Do not mount transducers aft of bow thruster, propeller outlets or aft of other hull installations (such as outlets, vents or other protruding details) that may create aeration or turbulence.
- It is necessary to select a part of the hull that is submerged and free from turbulence and aeration under all load and speed conditions, and to avoid positions where air is trapped in heavy weather.
- If a flat, horizontal section is not available for transducer fitting, the shipyard must construct a suitable bed. Welding seams in this area and forward should be smoothed and rounded off in order not to create turbulence or aeration and maintain a laminar waterflow at all speed ranges of the vessel.
- Select an area that is acoustically quiet.

The DL2 acoustic signal operates at frequencies:

SOG + low frequency
STW : 260 kHz to 280 kHz.

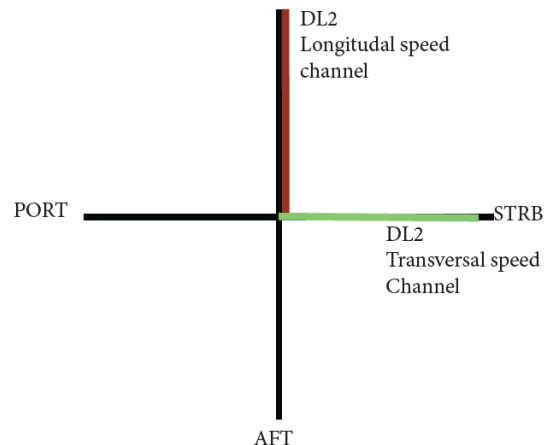
High frequency
STW: 845 kHz to 925kHz

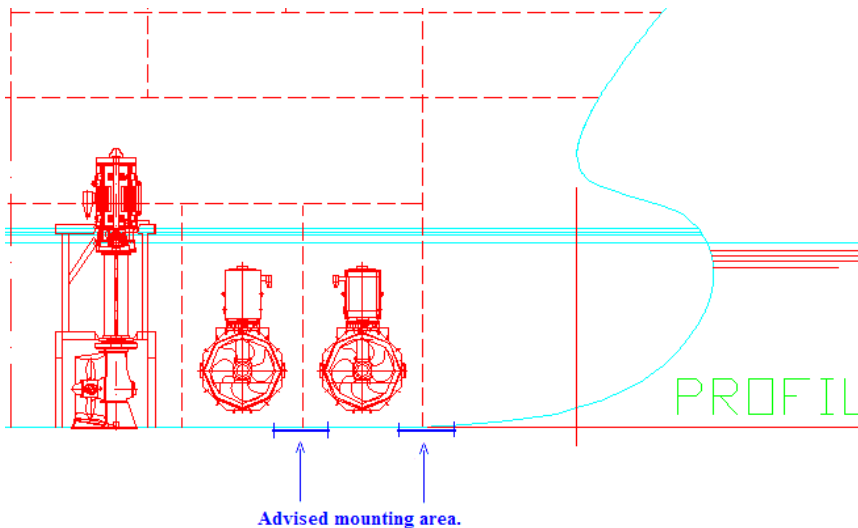


Water relative speed is measured at a depth between 0.3 and 3 m below transducer. (DL1)
2 axis Water relative speed is measured at a depth between 0.3 and 3 m below transducer. (DL2)
Bottom track is measured down to 150m depth

FWD

There are 2 channels in DL2.
The acoustic signal is sent in a 30deg angle in forward and starboard directions.
A tilt sensor is used to compensate for vessel movement.





The generally best placement on larger vessels is in the front region of the vessel just behind the bulbous bow (see fig above). This area is generally designed such that the bubbles are pushed to either side of the bulb, leaving a clear area under the bulb and just behind. The sensor is installed in a sea valve in order to service the sensor (clean or replace) without docking the vessel.

It is recommended (but not required) to install the sea valve in a dry area, like a bow thruster room. This will enable easy cable access to junction box and additionally increase the lifetime of the sea valve.

PLACEMENT OF THE SENSOR IN SEA VALVE

The sensor DL2 is installed into sea valve 100mm for single bottom SB-100-SB or double bottom DB-100-SB.

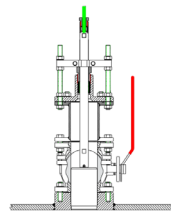
Please see sea valve manual for installation procedure.

Manuals available as downloads from www.skipper.no

The sensor includes 40m moulded in cable. The cable is 11 mm in outer diameter with a bending radius of 56 mm. The cable can be cut or extended if required



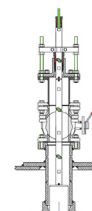
SB-100-SB
Operation and Installation Manual



SKIPPER Electronics AS Telephone: +47 23 30 22 70
Ezshakshenei 100 Fax: +47 23 30 22 70
P.O. Box 151, Skjoldstrand E-mail: support@skipper.no
00121 Oslo, Norway Co. reg. no: NO-965782473-0000
Document no: SBM-000004-SB Rev: 10/04
Edition: 2010-03-03



DB-100-SB
Operation and Installation Manual



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P.O. Box 151, Skjoldstrand E-mail: support@skipper.no
00121 Oslo, Norway Co. reg. no: NO-965782473-0000
Document no: SBM-000004-DB Rev: 10/04
Edition: 2010-03-03

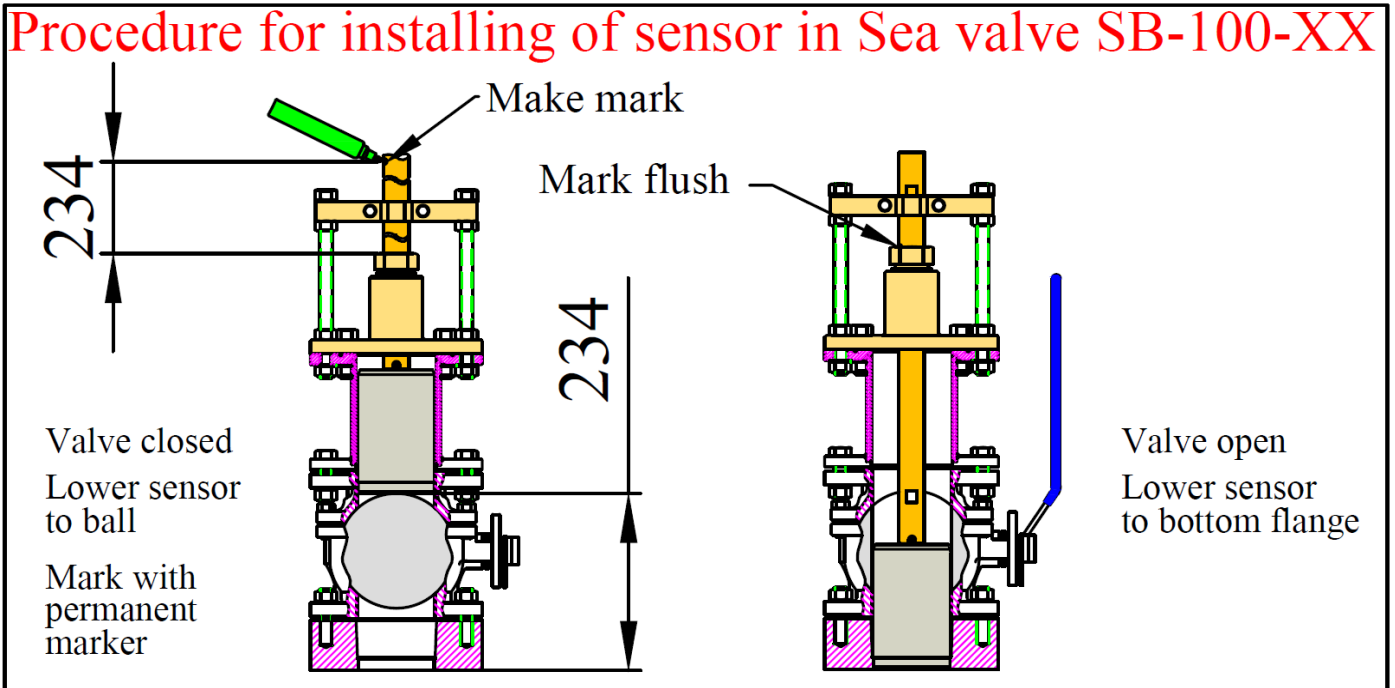
NOTE

During physical installation of sensor into sea valve please make special care of the following points:

- Sensor to be lowered completely into bottom flange making sensor head flush with outer hull.
- Sensor forward direction to be aligned +/-10deg. (Fine adjust by software in calibration page)
- Clamping unit nuts and nut M50 to be tighten to secure sensor position.

Sensor lowered flush with outer hull.

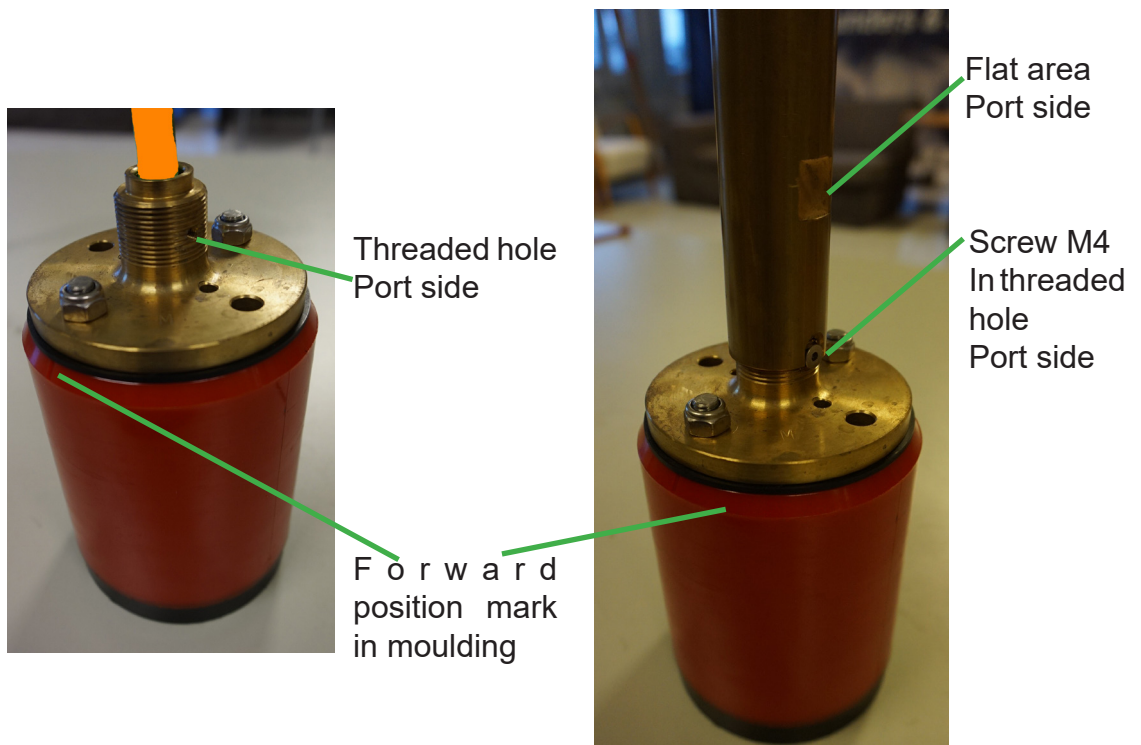
Pictures showing lowering procedure in sea valve SB-100-SB.

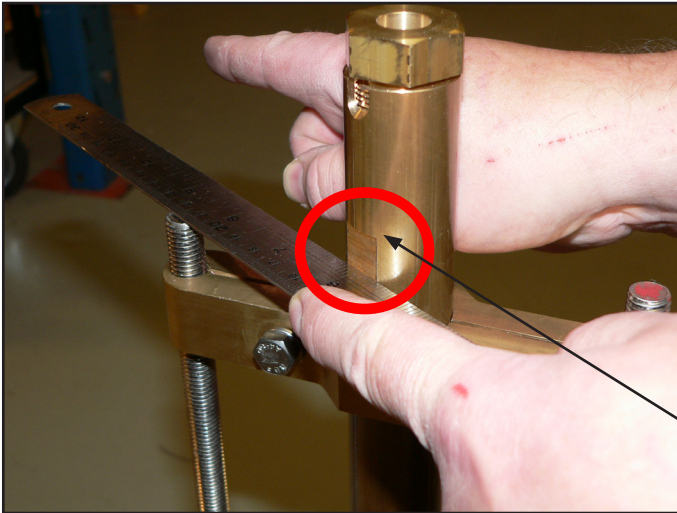


Sensor forward direction.

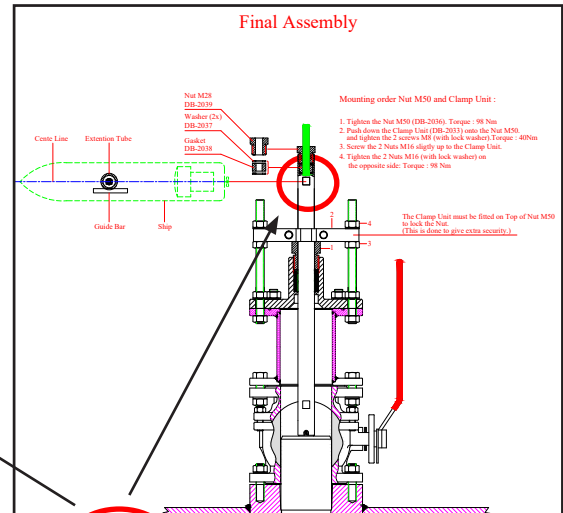
It is important to align sensor forward direction.

Pictures showing forward direction alignment in sea valve SB-100-SB.



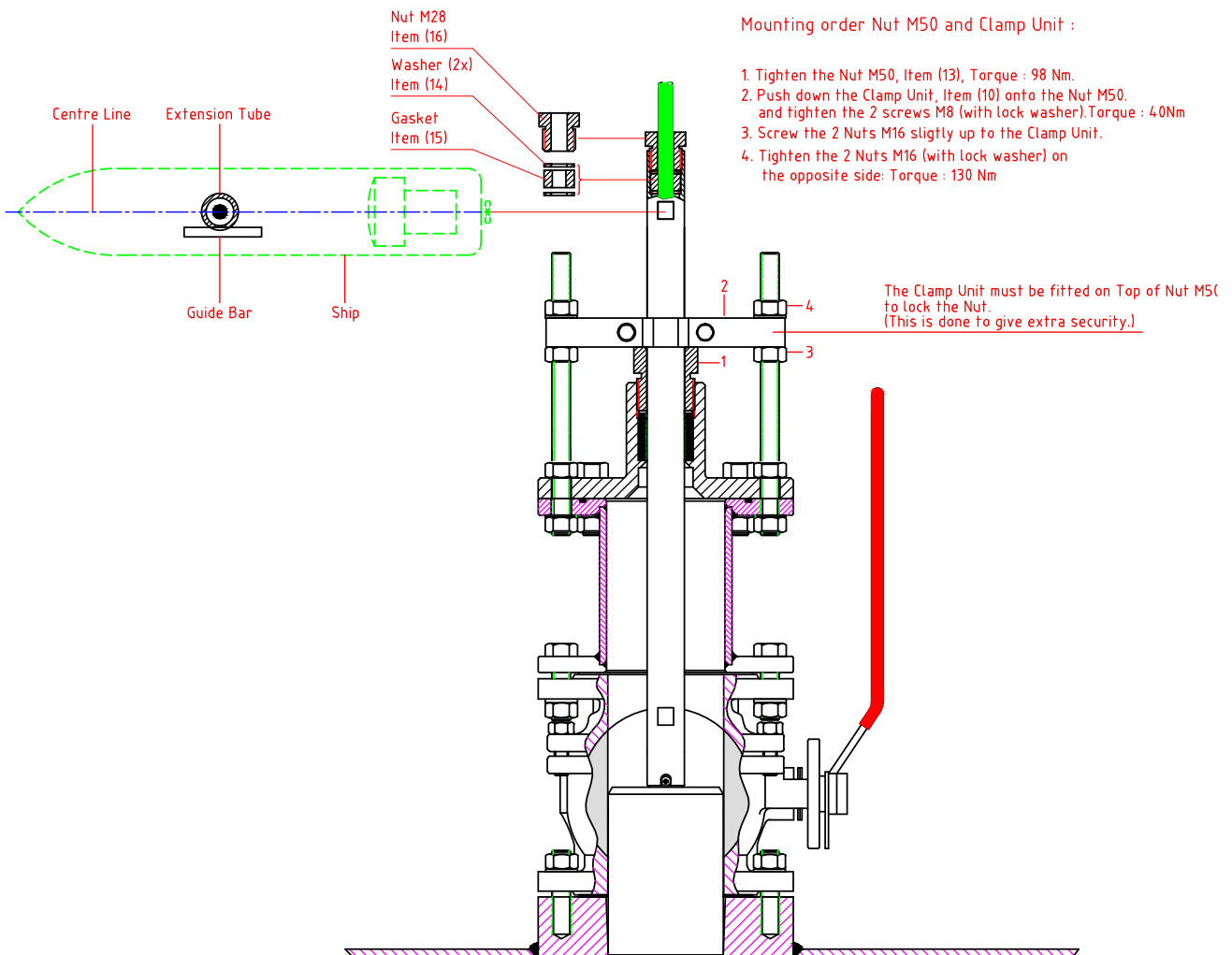


A flat object points fore/aft.



The flat side should be on the port side.

Secure sensor by tightening clamping unit and nut M50



CHAPTER 3: WIRING

The JB70D2-SA does not contain a physical switch (only software) and should be connected to a circuit breaker for removal of power.

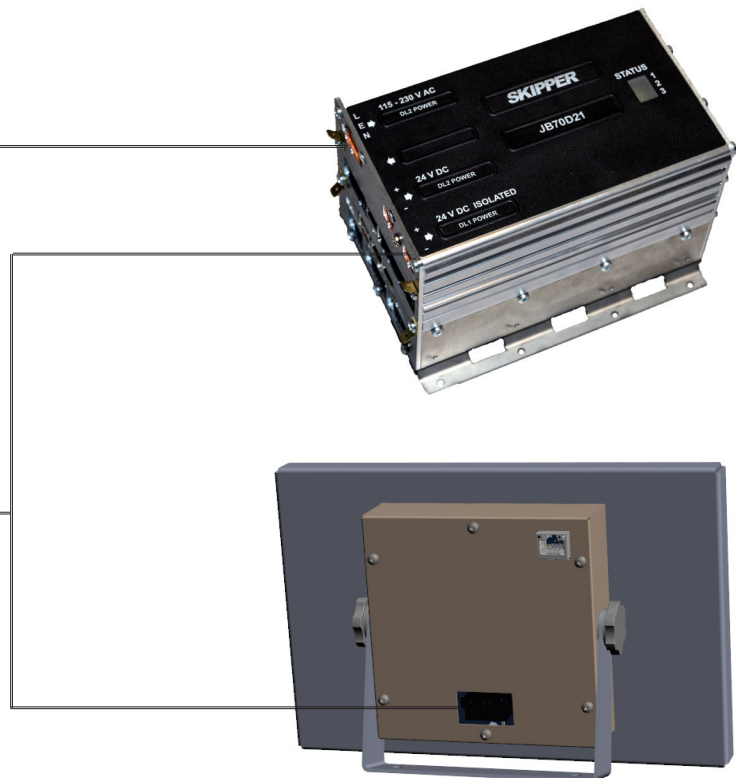
Power may be nominal 24V DC (No more than 32V DC) and/or 115-220V AC. Max 60W typical 15W. The AC input is an optional back up for JB70D2-SA only. The operator unit CU-M001-SA requires a 24V DC power supply.

There are no input fuse on the CU-M001-SB or JB70D2-SA. The power input should be including a fuse rated for 100% - 200% of max power installed components. Example: A 24V DC to power both CU-M001-SB and JB70D2-SA should have a 3A slow blow fuse.

220V AC. 0,5A
115V AC. 1A



24V DC. 3A



CLAMPING THE CABLES

Cables should be connected to WAGO connector, leaving approximately 3 cm of tail. They should be stripped with 6-7 mm of metal showing and these should be connected as in the diagram above. A small screwdriver with blade size approx 3.5 mm can be used. WAGO part no 210-719 is ideal for this use.

Outer shields should be collected and grounded in a ground stud on the edge of the cabinet. The outer insulation should be cable tied to the plastic handle of the connector, and securely anchored nearby. The plugs when refitted, must be installed such that their clips are fully in the up position.

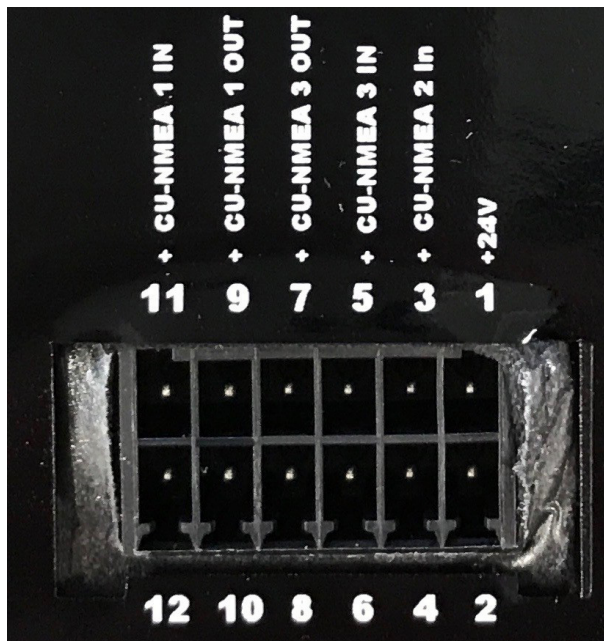
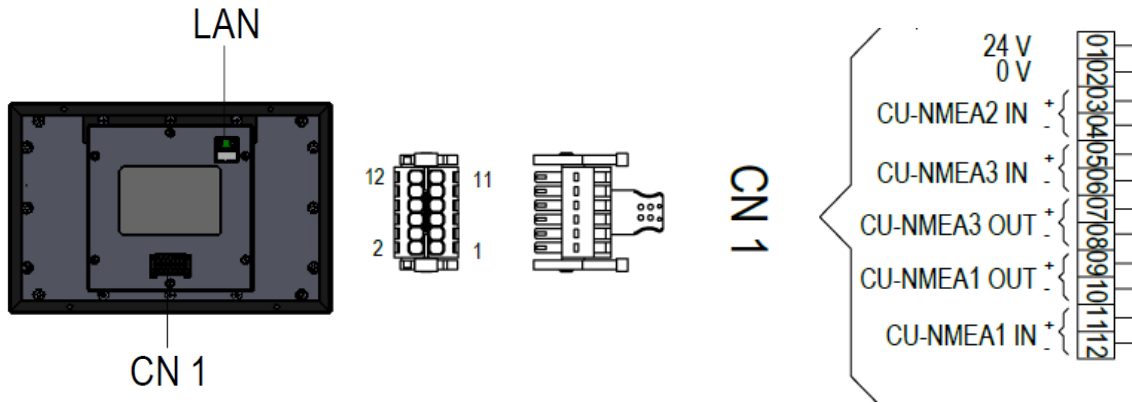


CU-M001-SB OPERATOR UNIT WIRING

The operator unit has 2 connectors.

1 LAN connector for communication with Electronic unit.

2: WAGO connector CN1 for 24V power. Max 10W, Typical 6W.



Note:

CU-NMEA only in use for parallel systems. See appendix 4. Standard NMEA I/O on JB70D2-SA

Items supplied with CU-M001

1 x ZZN-01120.

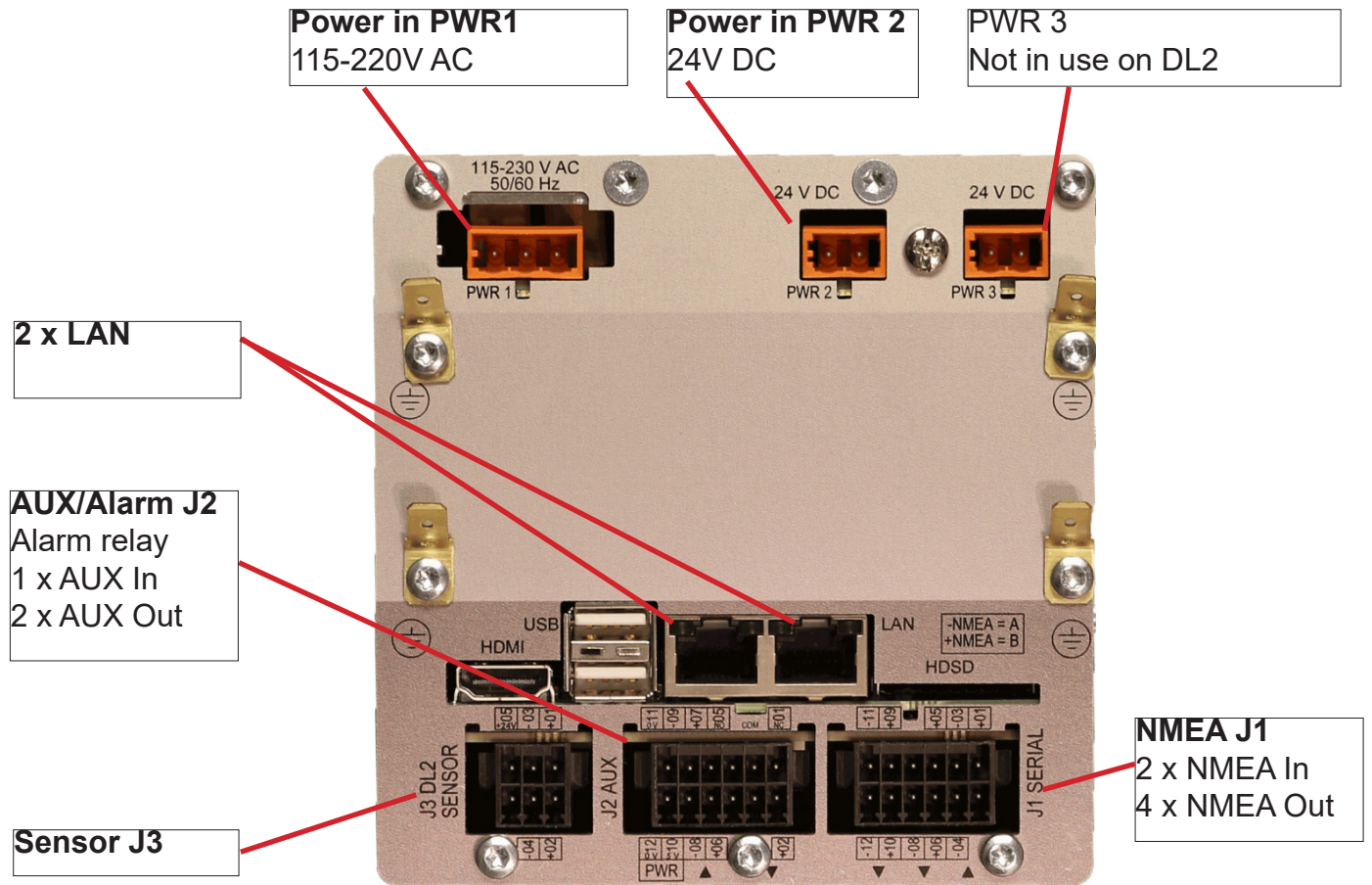
Connector Female w/ejectors 6x2 pole, black. (CN 1)



1 x ZZN-01123. Strain relief plate, 6x2 pole, width 11 mm. (CN 1)

JB70D2-SA ELECTRONIC UNIT WIRING

The JB70D2-SA is connected with Operator unit CU-M001 with the LAN connectors. The second LAN connector may be used for set up/ service purpose.



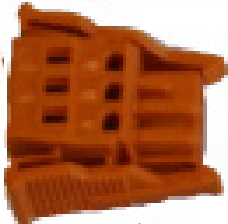
CONNECTORS SUPPLIED WITH JB70D2



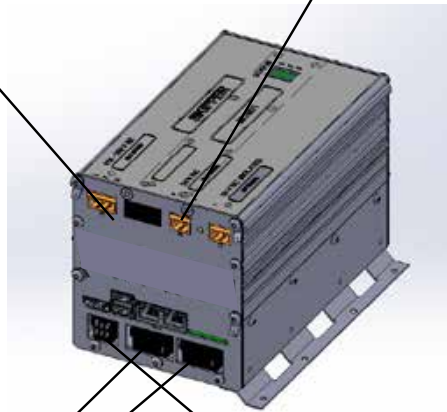
ZZN-01126 Relief Housing,
3 pole snap-on.
WAGO: 232-633



ZZN-01144 Plug, Female 2 pole w
clips, 231-302/037-000



ZZN-01136 Plug, Female
3 pole with locking levers,
231-303/037-000



ZZN-01120 Connector Fe-
male w ejectors 6x2 pole, black
WAGO 713-1106/037-000



ZZN-01130 Connector, Fe-
male w/ejectors 3x2 pole, black
WAGO 713-1103/037-000



ZZN-01123 Strain relief
plate, 6x2 pole, width 11 mm
WAGO 713-126

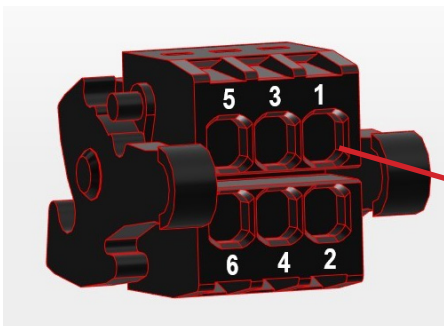
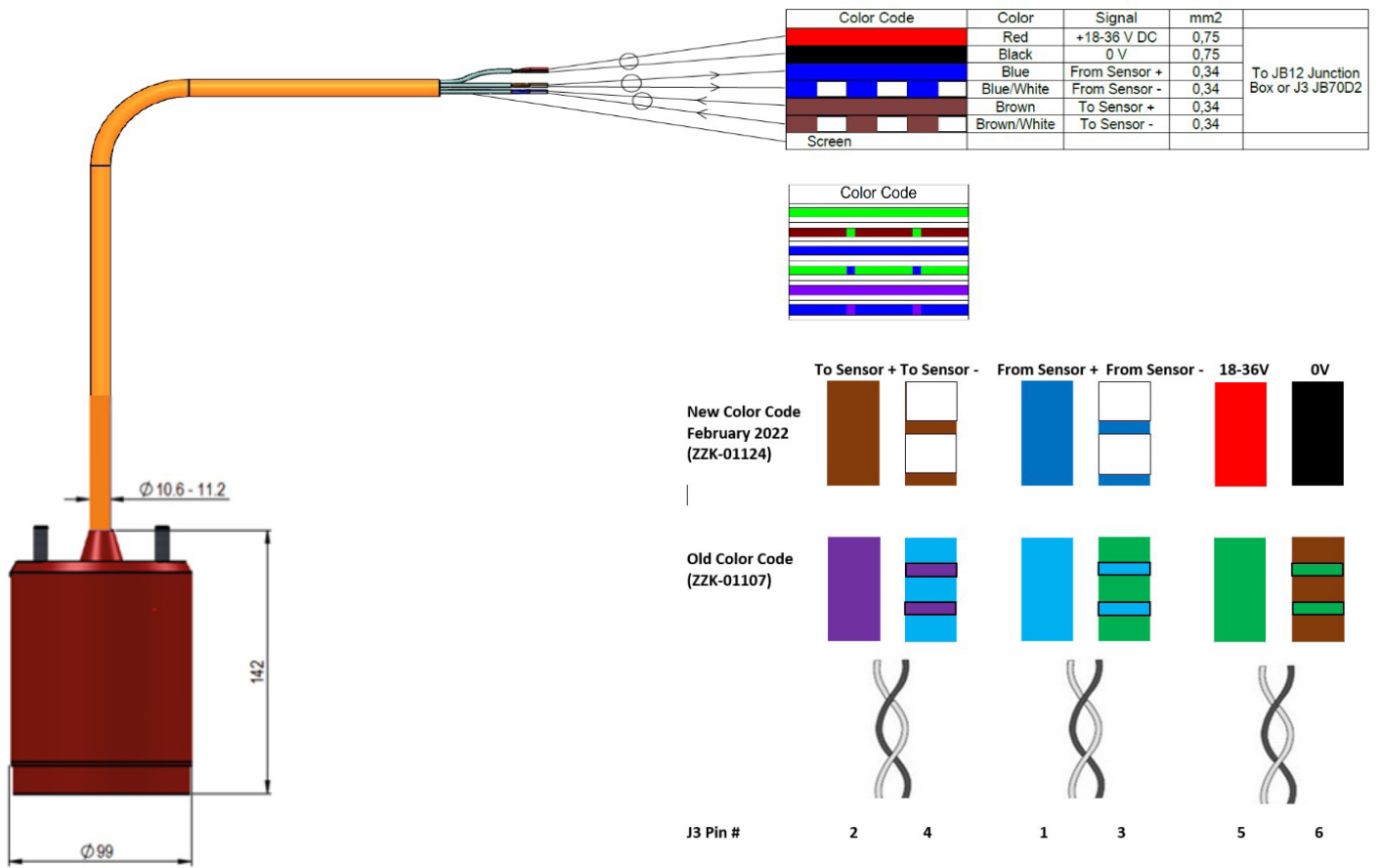


ZZN-01123 Strain relief
plate, 6x2 pole, width 11 mm
WAGO 713-126

SENSOR CONNECTION J3

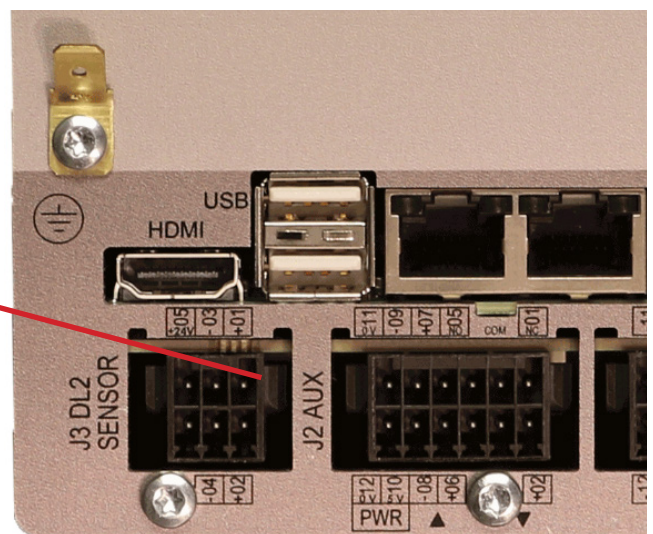
The sensor is connected to JB70D2-SA Connector J3. 6 pin WAGO connector.

The cable screen is connected to ground on sensor side. The cable screen is not to be grounded or connected at JB70D2-SA side. .



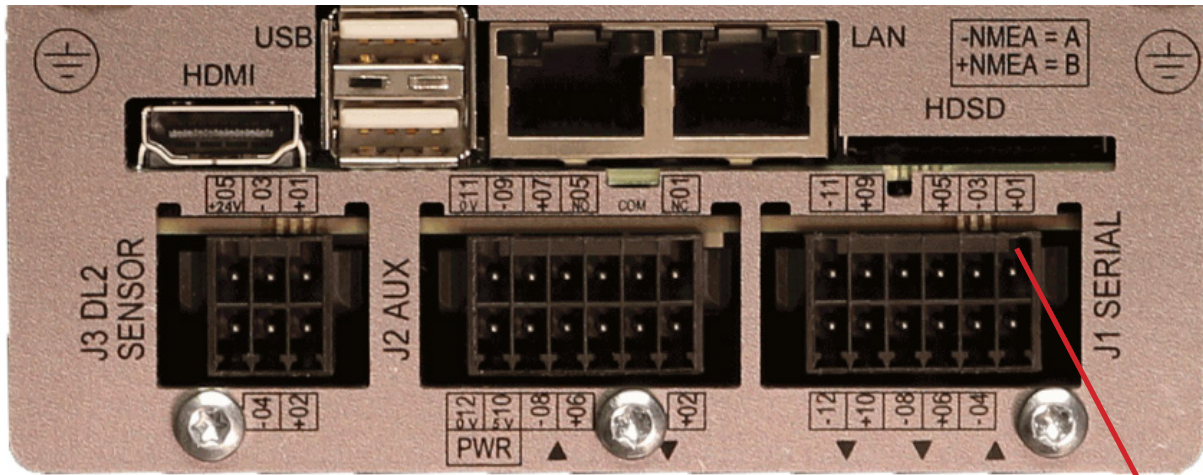
J3 Pin1

The 24VDC power supply to sensor is fitted with a short circuit protection

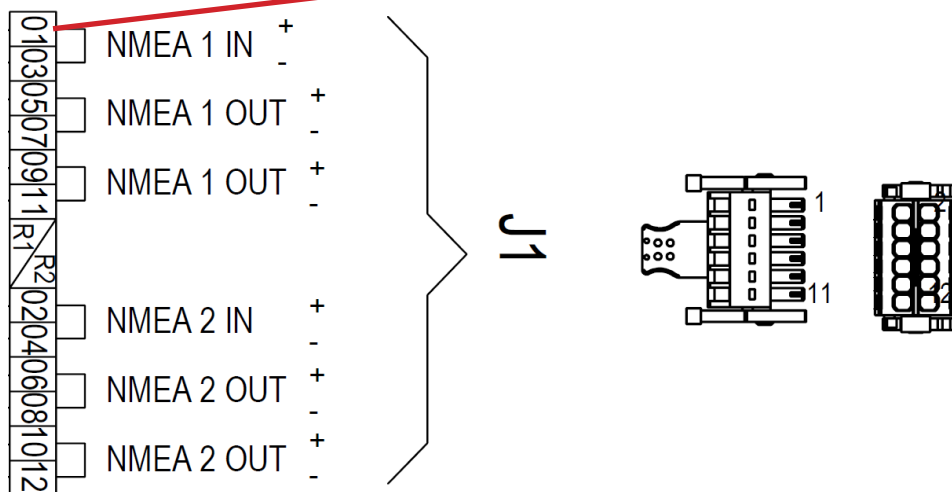


NMEA CONNECTION J1

The DL2 has standard 2 NMEA Inputs and 2 Outputs.
 Each output is dual and makes total of 4 outputs.
 NMEA connections are short circuit protected.



J1 Pin1

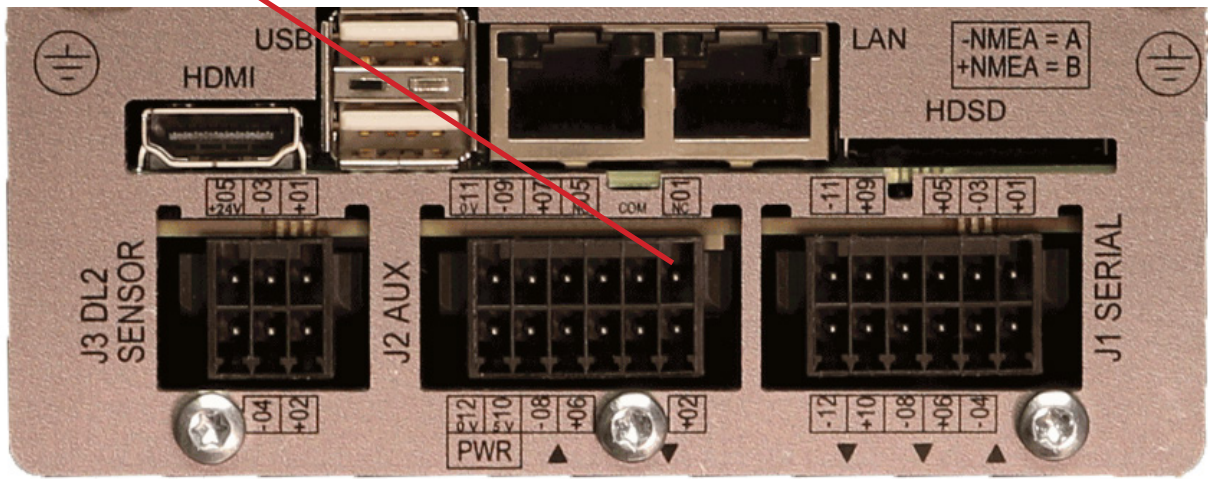
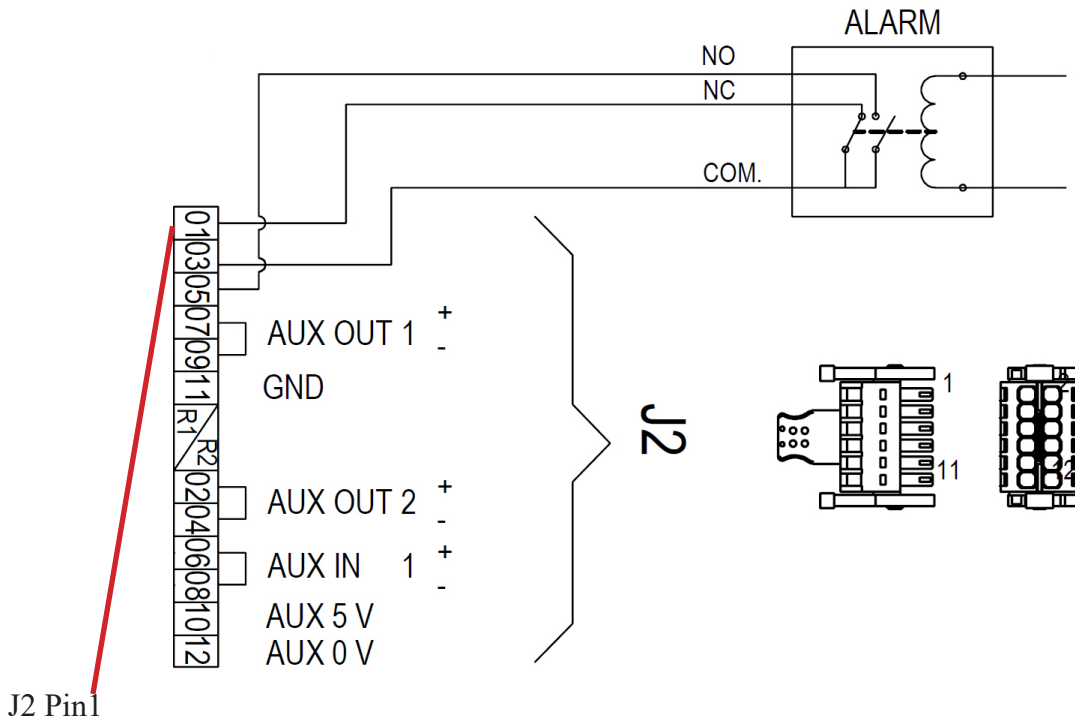


If high speed protocols are to be used (IEC61162-2) the communication common (COM) can be connected to pins 11 or 12 of J2

AUX/ALARM CONNECTION J2

The DL2 has standard Alarm Relay

- 1 x Aux In. (default set as "Alarm reset")
- 2 x Aux Out.



YARDSUPPLIEDEXTENSIONCABLEFROMSENSORTOJB70ELECTRONICUNIT.

Any screened 3 or 4 twisted pair cable can be used as long as the loop resistance (measured by twisting the pair together at one end and measuring the resistance) is less than 8.6 ohms (worst case).

Example1:

What kind of cable do I need for 300m distance from sensor to Electronic unit?

300m cable (0.3km). Loop length $0.3 \times 2 = 0.6$ km. $8.6 / 0.6 = 14.3$ Ohms/km

Use a cable with maximum 60 Ohm conductor DC resistance per km.

AWG15 / 1.5mms has resistance of 10.4 ohm /km

Example2

I have a CAT7 cable. Spec says 70 Ohm conductor DC resistance per km. How long distance from sensor to Electronic unit can I use this cable?

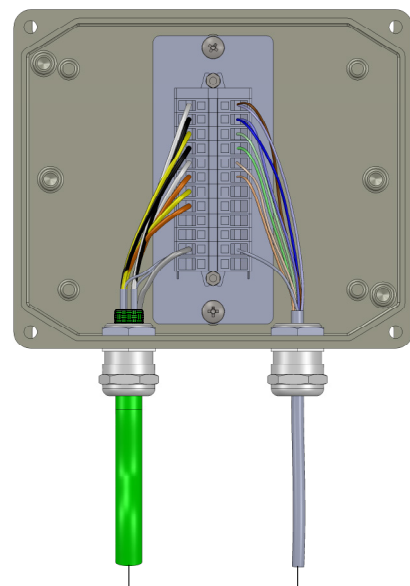
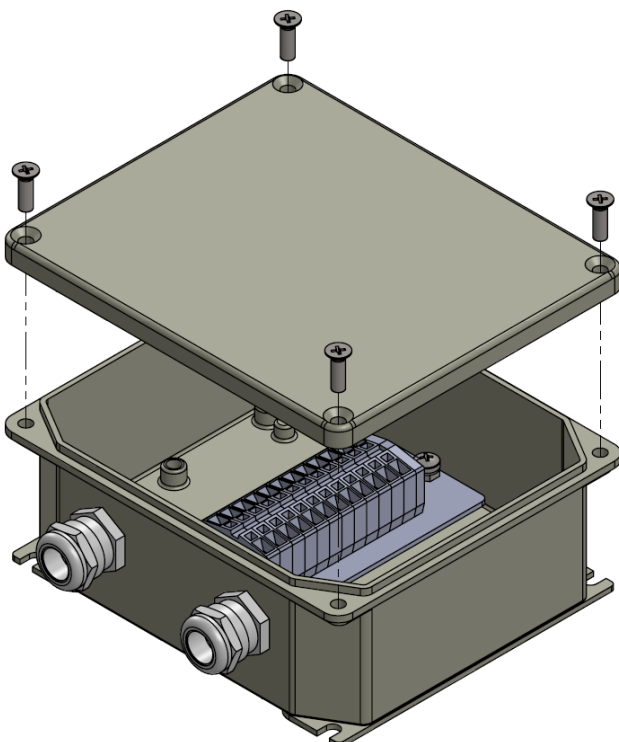
$8.6 / 70 = 0.122$ km. $0.122 \text{km} / 2 = 60.1$ m maximum length.

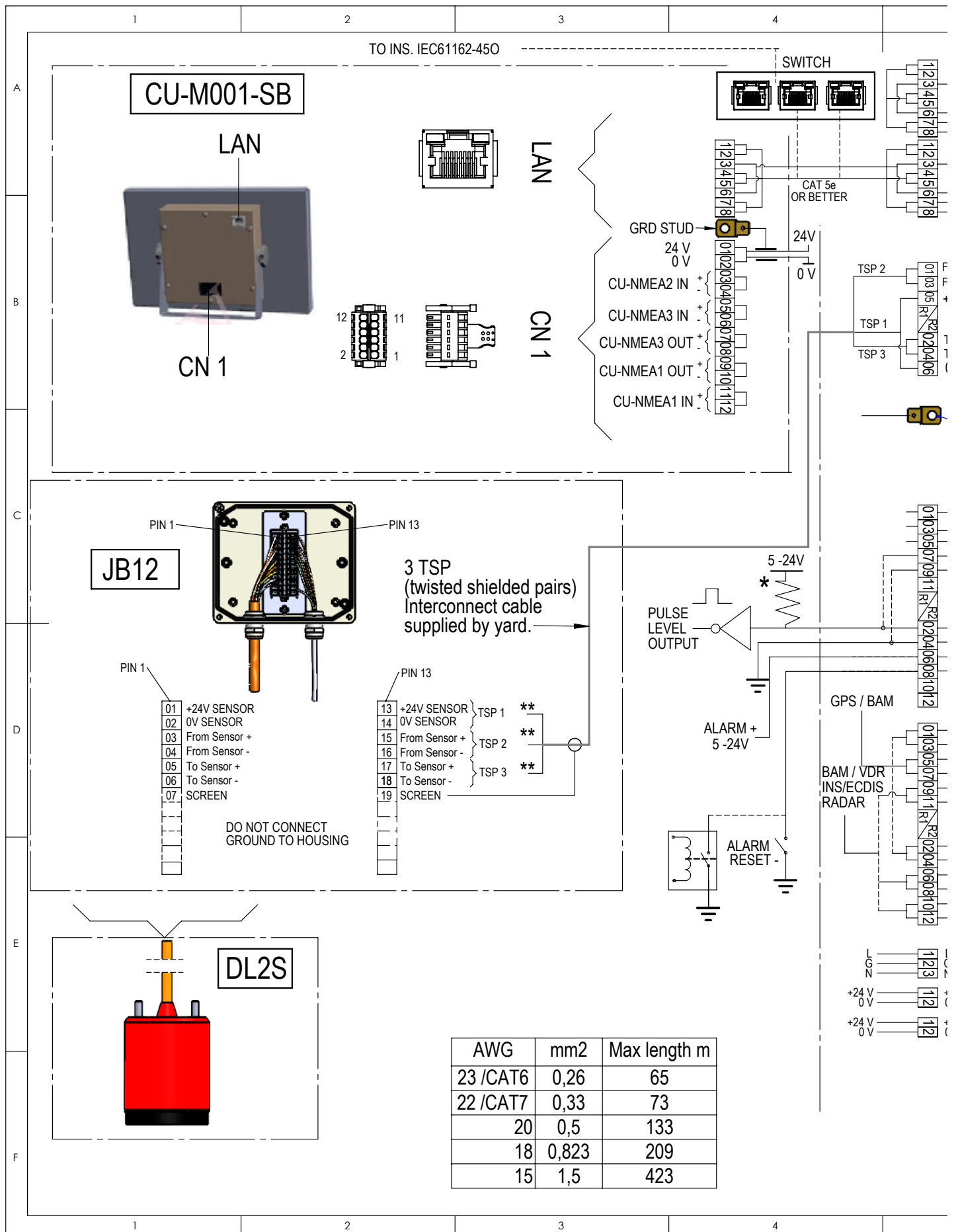
THE JUNCTION BOX JB12-SA

The JB12 Junction box may be used as a terminal between sensor cable and an extension cable. Dimensional drawing see Appendix 1.

All individual screens of sensor cable to be connected to the outer screen of the CAT7 extension cable.

Do not ground screens to JB12 chassis.





CHAPTER 4: SETUP PROCEDURE

Setup of communication JB70D2-SA to CU-M001-SB

The communication between operator unit and Electronic unit is following IEC61162-450 lightweight ethernet standard.

This standard allows the network to be used for the distribution and control of sensor systems such as the DL2. These communicate using proprietary NMEA type messages on this multicast (UDP) system. The system will exert a maximum load on the network of 20 kB/s (kilobyte per second), and will tolerate a data traffic up to 20Mbit/s (Megabit per second) The system will exert/receive a maximum load of 40 datagrams/second. The system uses

An advantage of this method of communicating is that it becomes simple to have more than 1 display unit on the same system. Instead of (or as well as) repeaters, the user can have as many control units as they wish. These are activated by pairing the units to the electronic unit. In the case of INS bridges, the main bridge conning unit can be used as a control unit as well or instead of the screen (with approval).

The following parameters must be set on both units before communication is established:

- IP address
- SFI
- Paired SFI (only for Operator unit CU-M001-SA)
- Group

IP Address: The IP address of the system should not clash with any other system within the network. Regulations state that the IP address range. During setup, it may be necessary to change the IP to fit into your local network.

SFI (System Function ID): Each device has its own identifier (SFI) and the systems can then identify who they are and who they are talking to. These should be unique within a vessel.

Paired SFI: Each Operator unit CU-M001-SB device needs to know which system it is part of. By entering the SFI of the JB70D2-SA the system pairs itself.

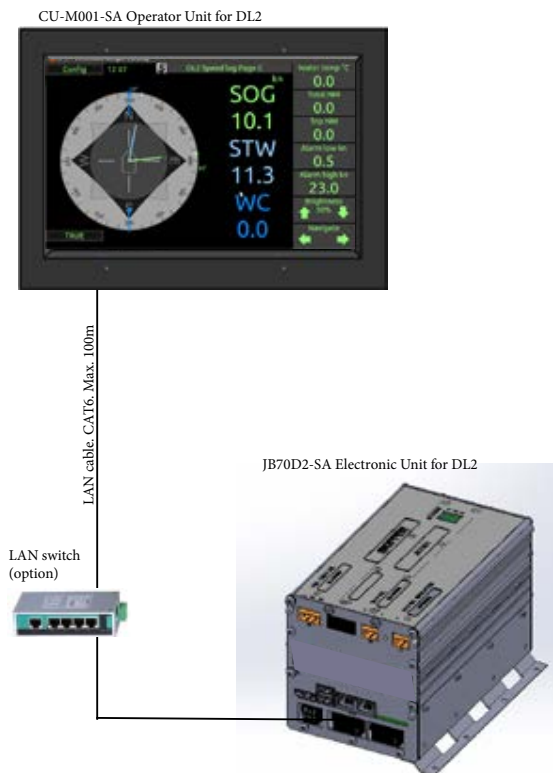
It is possible to have multiple screens to a single JB70D2-SA unit. All screens will work in parallel.

Group: There are 16 groups available for the system to be part of. It is important that the group is the same on all communicating devices.

NOTE: The following procedure will take you through the setup using the operator unit CU-M001. It is important to change the JB70D2-SA group before the CU-M001-SB group otherwise you will loose connection

The setting of IP address, SFI, Paired SFI and Group on JB70D2-SA is also accessible from SKIPPER service software by connecting a PC to the second LAN port or via a LAN switch.

SKIPPER service software is available in download folder on www.skipper.no

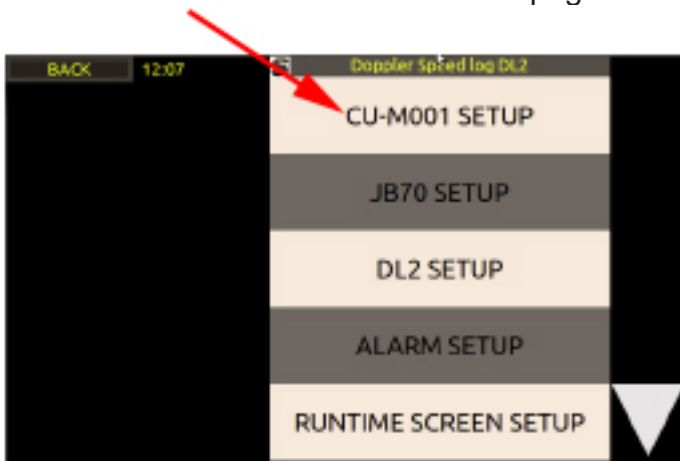


CONFIG

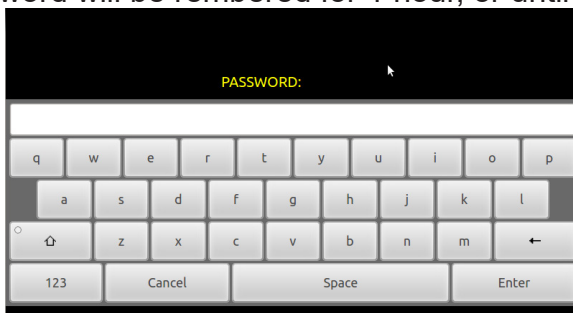
Setup pages are accessed by pressing “CONFIG”



First, the Operator unit CU-M001-SB must be connected to the main Electronic Unit JB70D2-SA. To do this enter the “CU-M001 SETUP” page.



To enter and adjust these screens a password is required. The password for all units is ‘service’. The password will be remembered for 1 hour, or until reboot of the system.



CU-M001 SETUP

On starting the display CU-M001 first time it will try pair up with a JB70D2-SA.

Default settings:

IP Address: 172.16.1.102

SFI (System Function ID): II0102

Paired SFI: VD0101(default SFI of JB70D2-SA)

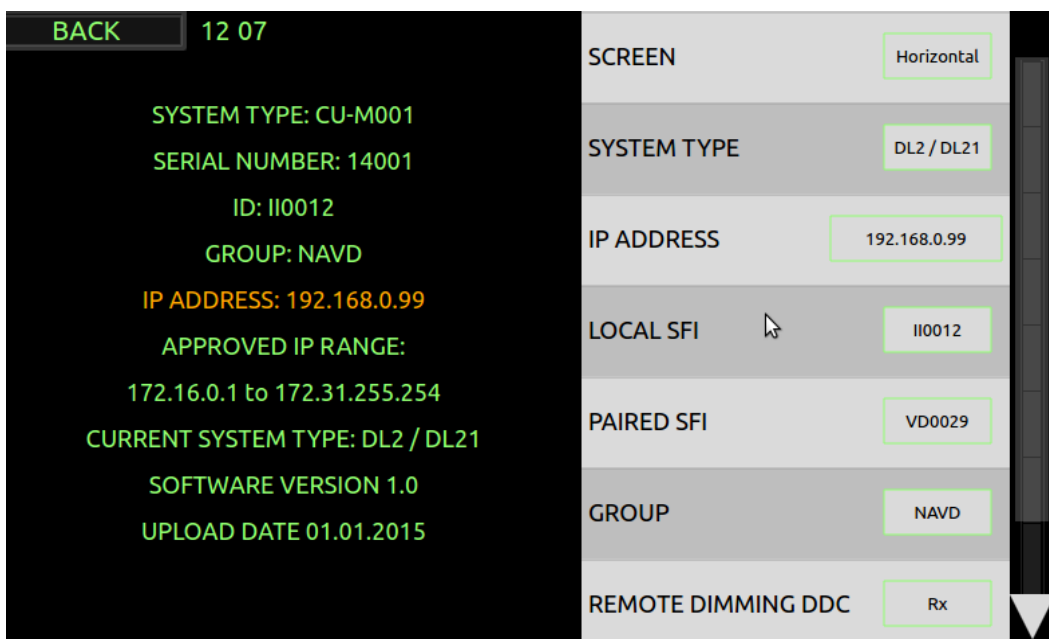
Group:NAVD.

NOTE:

If connected to LAN network please make sure IP addresses, SFIs and Group is approved by local administrator.

If 2 x DL2/DL21 systems are to be installed on same LAN then IP address SFI and paired SFI have to be changed on (at least) one of the systems to avoid conflict of settings.

If default values have to be replaced then please change IP address of JB70D2 before changing on CU-M001.



Remote dimming DDC

Off

The screen can be dimmed on screen.

Rx

The screen can be dimmed on screen or using a remote DDC message. The system can be made to accept remote dimming from the local input or the JB70 input.

Tx

The screen can be dimmed on screen or using a remote DDC message. The system can be made to accept remote dimming from the local input or the JB70 input.

It can also be made to send a DDC message when the dimming level is changed.

JB70D2 SETUP

BACK 12 07	IP ADDRESS 192.168.0.97
SYSTEM TYPE: JB-70 SERIAL NUMBER: 99999 ID: VD0029 GROUP: NAVD	LOCAL SFI VD0029
IP ADDRESS: 192.168.0.97 APPROVED IP RANGE: 172.16.0.1 to 172.31.255.254	GROUP NAVD
ALARM SFI: AS1234 SOFTWARE VERSION 1.0 UPLOAD DATE 01.01.2015	Alarm SFI AS1234

Default settings:

IP Address: 172.16.1.101
SFI (System Function ID): VD0101
Group:NAVD.
Alarm SFI: AS0101

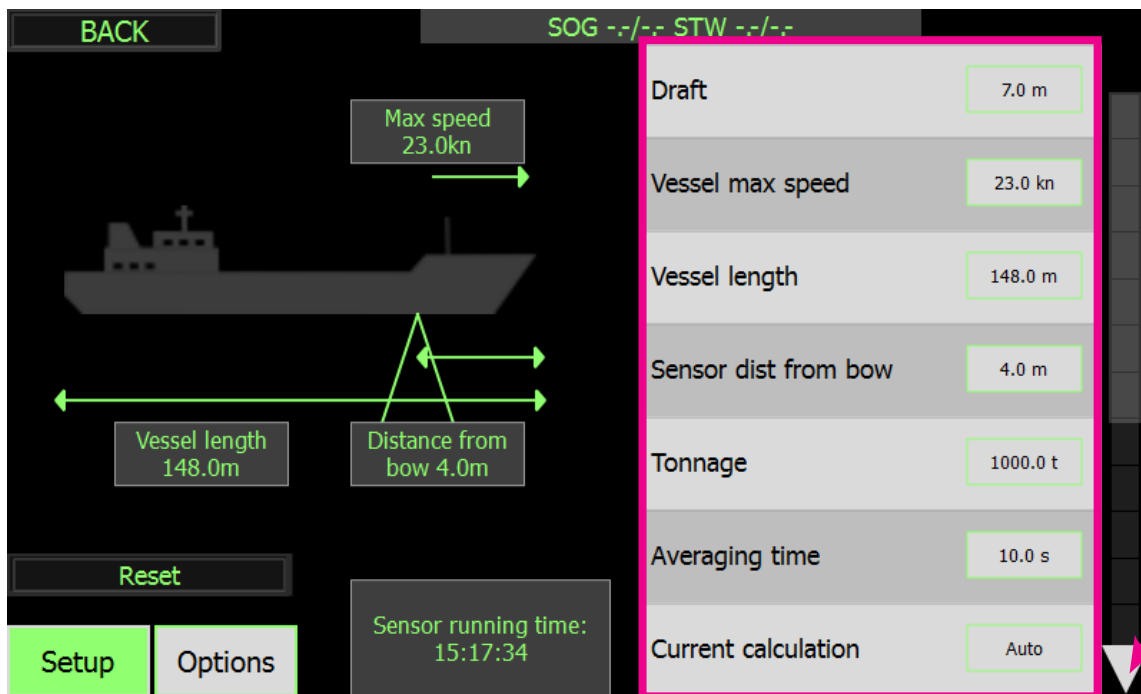
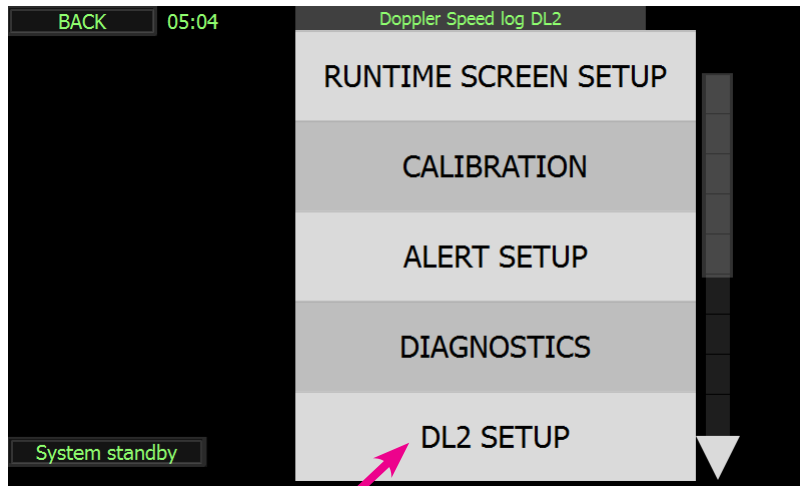
When on this setup page, the user is setting parameters on the remote device. It is therefore important that the devices are properly connected before adjusting here. If the devices are not connected you will see a system alarm on screen. Pressing this symbol will show which alarm is active.

This process can also be performed in a simpler way by using the Communications Application available in the SKIPPER service software (available for download on the SKIPPER website.) This App allows you to connect to the same network as the units and then perform a search. The software will show you all the connected units, and you may then edit the IP address, SFI and group from the software. You may then enter the web pages for each individual unit.

DL2 SETUP

To help the system to calculate accurate a number of parameters should be setup for the specific vessel it is installed into. These are entered in the DL2 setup menu.

DL2 setup is accessible from the “config” menu.



Press “arrow” to access more buttons

Button	(default) options	What it is used for
Draft	(meters) feet fathoms	Used to make the depth value show from the surface and not from the sensor.
Vessel Max Speed	(knot) m/s mi/h	Used to set the calibration parameters and to ensure data is reasonable.
Vessel Length	meters	Used to calculate The Aft transversal speed (ROT signal must be input for this)
Sensor distance from Bow	meters	Used to calculate The Aft transversal speed (ROT signal must be input for this)
Tonnage	tonnes	Used to set correct averaging time. Larger vessels will have slower speed changes and may use a higher averaging to calculate the speed.
SOG Averaging time	seconds	Manuel set of averaging time for SOG at speeds over 6kn. This setting will override settings from "Tonnage"
SOG low speed averaging time	seconds	Manuel set of averaging time for SOG at speeds under 6kn. This setting will override settings from "Tonnage"
STW averaging time	seconds	Manuel set of averaging time for STW at speeds over 6kn. This setting will override settings from "Tonnage"
STW low speed averaging time	seconds	Manuel set of averaging time for STW at speeds under 6kn. This setting will override settings from "Tonnage"
Current calculation	(AUTO) Log-SOG, GPS-SOG AUTO	The "Water current" speed and direction are calculated from the STW measurement and an SOG from the log and/or a GPS input. In deep water,(depths>150m) SOG is not available from the log. AUTO will automatically change from log to GPS when log bottom is lost. Log-SOG will allways calculate "Water current" with SOG from log. GPS-SOG
GPS on lost bottom	(ON)/OFF	If the water is too deep, the system cannot measure SOG. This option will switch the value to GPS (on screen) with a small symbol to indicate where the data comes from. The system will not send SOG data on its outputs in this case.
Vessel image	1-5	The image of a vessel can be changed to various vessel types.
SOG Shallow ping length	1-(2)-4-8msec.	Default 2msec. May be set to 1msec for better shallow water
SOG Deep ping length	1-2-4-(8)msec.	Default 8ms for deeper bottom tracking
SOG Shallow power	Low-Medium-(High)	Default High. Power level of SOG signal in shallow water
DL1/DL2 synch	OFF / (ON)	In DL2 the systems can be made to ping simultaneously to prevent acoustic cross over
Sampling Distance	(0.5)-16m	The STW water sample can be moved further from the vessel to reduce effects of drag.
Low speed correction	(ON) off	activation of a filter to improve alongside data.

Output parameters	SOG+STW SOG only	<p>DL2 system: Set to SOG+STW DL2 calculates and displays SOG+STW in two axis. VBW, VHW,VLW NMEA sentences on the DL2 includes STW and SOG from DL2.</p> <p>DL21 system: Set to SOG only DL21 has STW parameter to radars etc comes from the DL1 part, and the SOG comes from the DL2 part. Both STW (from DL1) and SOG (from DL2) can be sent from DL2 NMEA output. To ensure this the button “SOG only” is set in the DL2 set up, and then disables the STW parts of the DL2. Instead the DL1 STW (single axis) still be displayed on the screens. The NMEA output from DL2 will change so that STW speed and trip (from DL1) is available in the VBW, VHW,VLW NMEA sentences on the DL2.(SOG still from DL2)</p>
Primary STW Frequency	(High freq), Low freq	<p>The high high frequency option is only available in DL2 software ver 1.1.0 and higher. with DL2 sensors serial number 170373 and higher. Not available in DL21</p> <p>The STW parameter can measure at both high (850-910kHz) and low (265-278kHz) frequency. High is normally better, but the user can change to low frequency. Both frequencies are calibrated during a Sea test calibration, and the Current primary is displayed in the Calibration settings as default.</p>
SOG Freq. Change point	(0) 0-10m	<p>The SOG parameter is also improved in shallow water by using the high frequency. This parameter is currently not in use</p>

Important settings at time of installation:

Vessel max speed. Please insert before first time speed calibration. Calibration may be lost if Max speed is changed.

Vessel length and Sensor distance from bow. Required for Aft transversal speed calculation.

Tonnage and averaging time: Response time of speed log should be set correct to the specific vessel. Normally response is relative to tonnage of vessel. A default averaging time is set on basis of tonnage input but the averaging time may be manually adjusted independent of tonnage.

Saving settings on USB Stick:

Once settings have been setup it is possible to save the settings by inserting a USB Stick. This will create (or Use) a folder called /skipper/downloaded_setups and in this folder it will create a directory with the DL2 system serial number

reloading settings from a USB Stick:

To reload a setting the folders setup (settings) and configuration (Calibrations) must be renamed and copied into a directory under

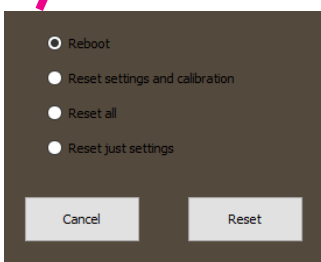
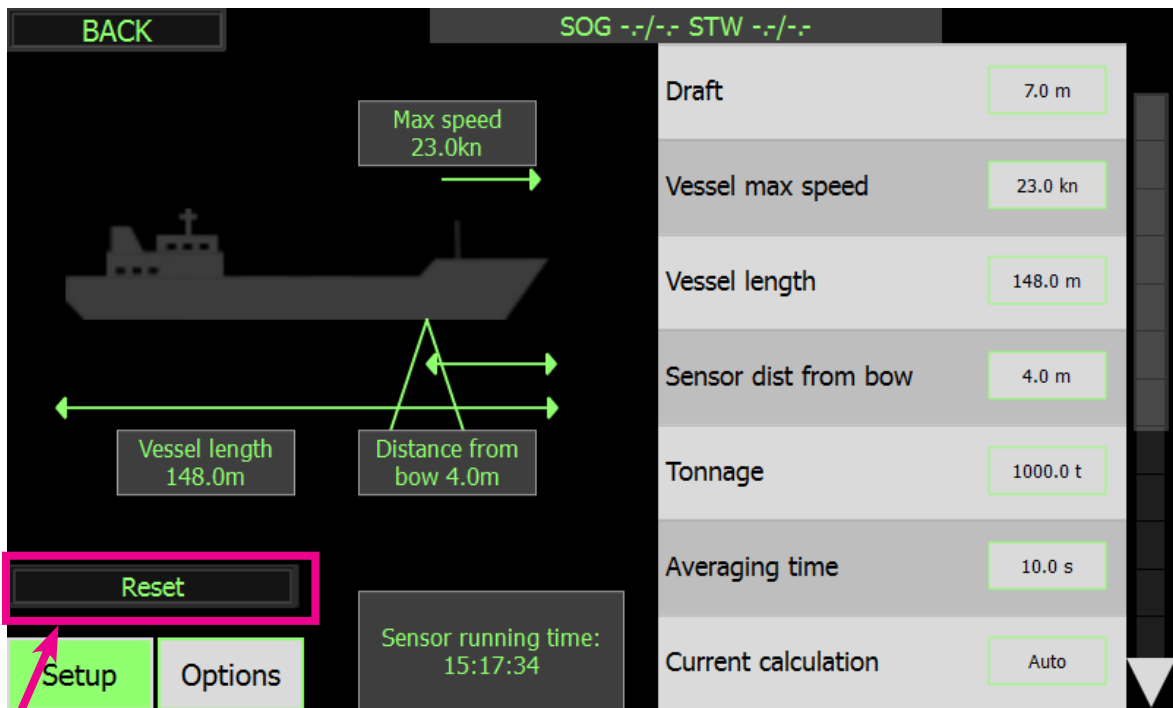
/skipper/upload_new_setup/ or /skipper/upload_new_configuration

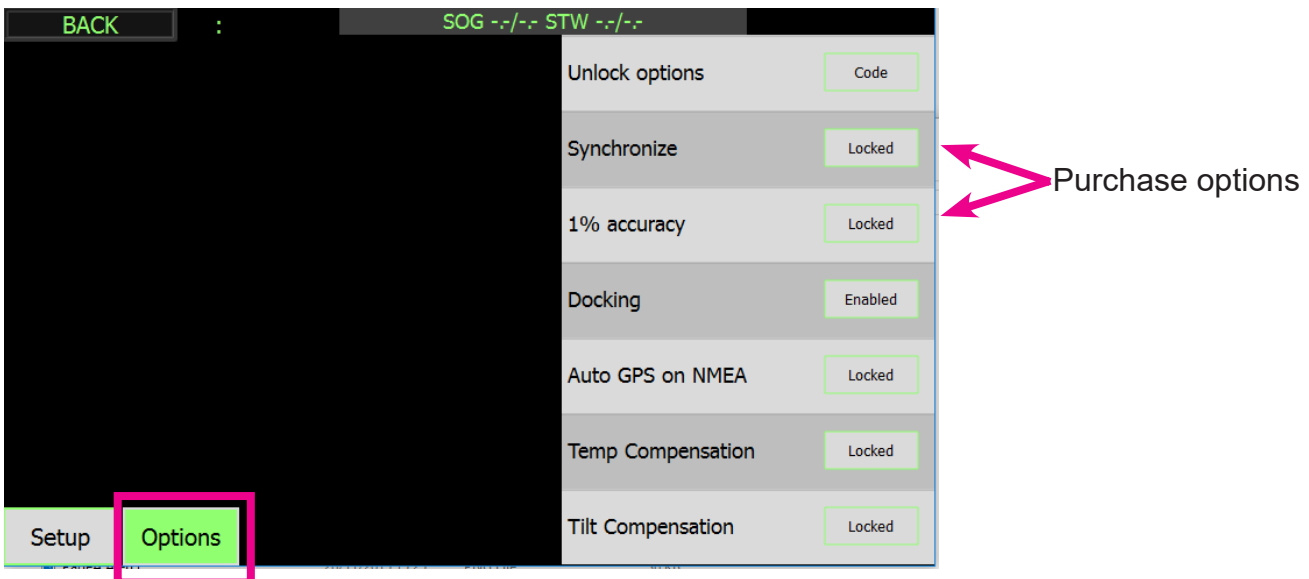
This will be copied into any system the USB stick is placed. a file with the system serial number will be created once copied and to upload again, these must be deleted. Wait until the system has rebooted before removing

RESET

There are 4 available reset options.

1. Reboot of software
2. Reset settings: Will reset settings for screens and DL2 setup (except max speed) back to default.
3. Reset settings and calibration: Will also set calibration settings to default.
4. Reset all: Will set the system calibration and communication settings (IP) back to default. Options will be returned to default, but access to the options is maintained.





SOFTWARE OPTIONS

The DL2 system has a number of options available. The software and hardware in this product is designed to meet the requirements of MED and IEC 60945. The product in its standard form is limited to meet the specification required. However, it is designed to allow adjustments and improvements to be implemented so that the product can be used in markets requiring higher specification and functions not standard in a commercial speed log.

There are currently 2 available purchase options. These are activated by entering the code provided by SKIPPER in the correct field. All options can be activated in retrospect (at an additional cost) by giving the system serial number to SKIPPER, they will send the activation code in return

Purchase options

- **1% accuracy**

DL2 is default 2% accuracy. Activating 1% accuracy option will give the option in the DL2 menu, and in each NMEA output menu, to configure to show 1 or 2 decimals, on the screen values and NMEA sentences.

Will enable a set of filters and features that will ensure and check, that the unit is operating within 1% specification.

- **Synchronize**

This option enables the user to send a mute signal to stop the sensor from pinging.

There are 2 synchronize input options:

- AUX level into the aux input to stop the sensor.
- NMEA message input \$PSKPBLNK,2,1,ON*nn or \$PSKPBLNK,2,1,OFF*nn where ON is mute

There are 2 synchronize output options:

- AUX “SyncOut” will give a pulse out when sensor is confirmed muted from external input.
- AUX “PingOut” will give a pulse out when sensor is pinging.

Please note!

The sensor pinging is a very short repeating pulse of 1-8 milliseconds.

Due to electronics delay the sensor will mute 8 ms after a level change on the Aux input.

When Synchronize is active a warning M will be shown on the screen, after 10 seconds of mute, the system will detect this as a sensor failure and give a system alert.

Non-Pay options

Docking

Auto GPS on NMEA

Temp compensation

Tilt compensation

Activating/de-activating software options.

Software options can be activated and de-activated in the DL2 menu. This page contains a table where the installer can enter codes purchased/supplied from SKIPPER. Codes will only activate if they detect the correct hardware in place. Codes are unique to the serial number of the system and can not be moved from system to system. To remove an extra option, the user must re-enter the code number.

COMMUNICATIONS SETUP (NMEA/UDP)

NMEA

The most common communication method to this type of system is the IEC61162-1 NMEA ports, these use an isolated input RS422 differential method. The IEC61162-1 standard requires 4800 baud, 8 databits, 1 stop bit and no handshake. The system also supports faster communications as specified in the IEC61162-2 standard using 38400 baudrate. If this standard is to be used the output requires a common connection available on J2 pin 11 or pin 12.

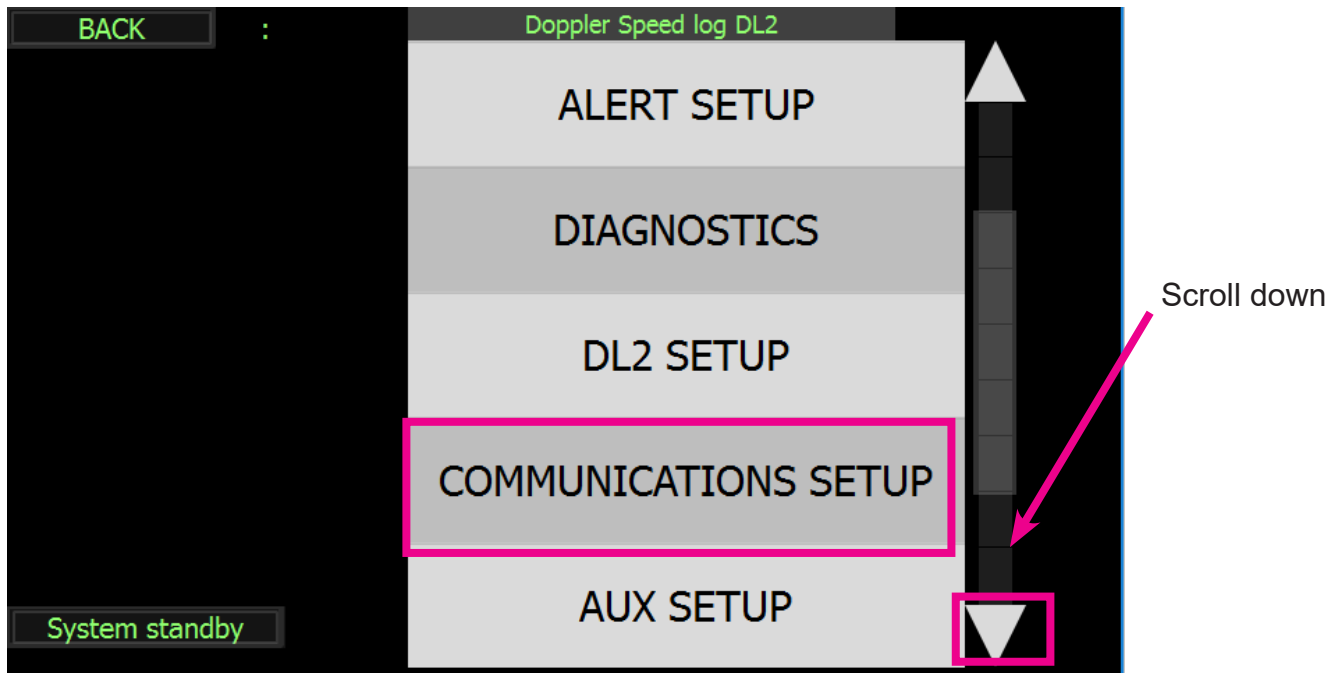
It is also possible to run the system at 115200 baud, although there is no standard to support this.

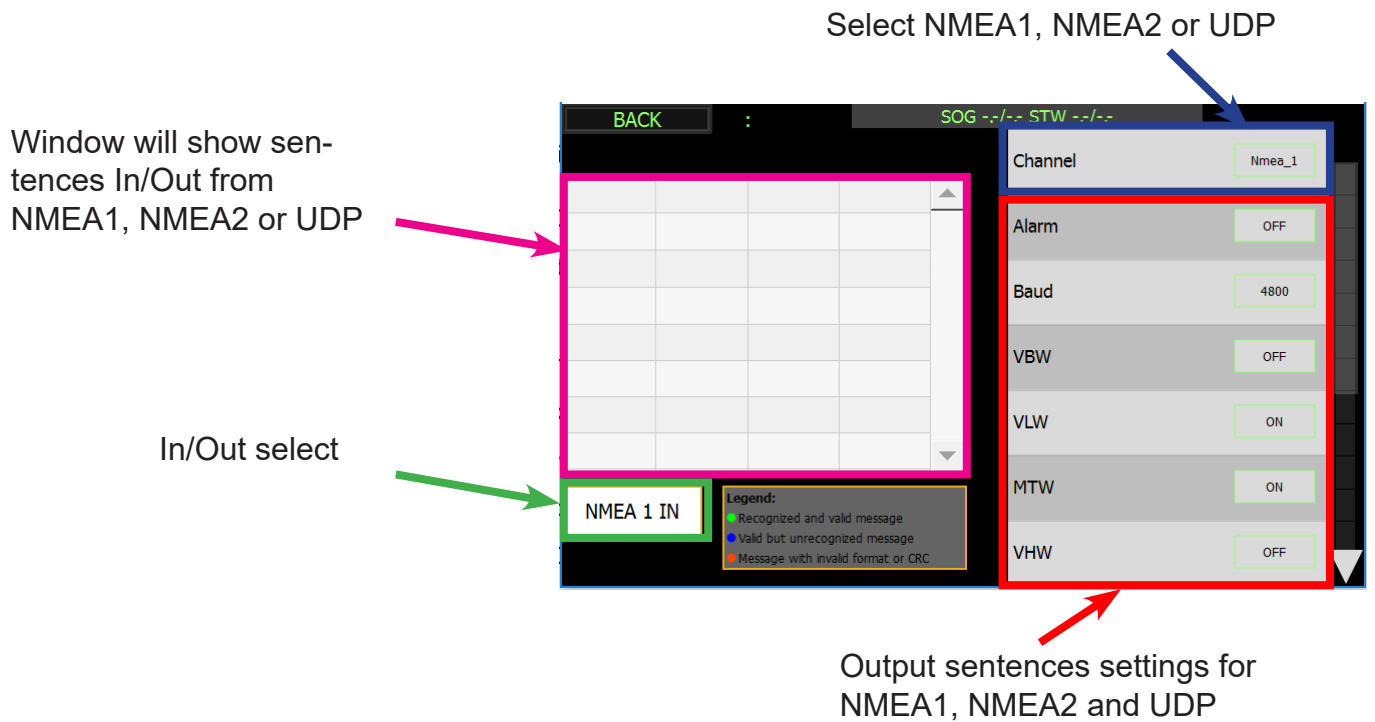
LAN UDP

In addition, this unit supports the LAN UDP standard (IEC61162-450 (2018)) The system defaults to use NAVD group. Aggregation is not used, Clusters information is not sent, but is received. The NETA group is used to send SRP, Network information. Subnet mask within the system is set to 255.255.0.0 . IGMP Version 3.

Communication setup page is accessed via config menu.

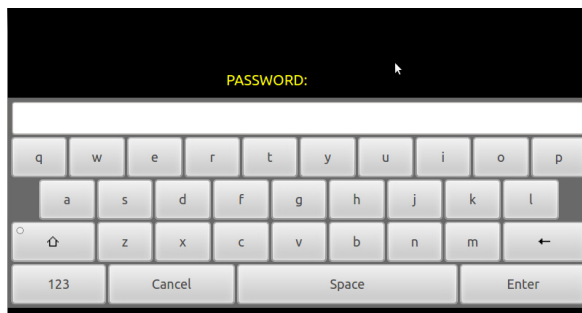
Scroll down with the right sid arrow until "Communication setup" button is displayed.





For each of the outputs 1, 2 and LAN (UDPM) it is possible to activate a number of sentences. Normally with On and Off. The resulting outputs are shown on the left on the screen. The alarm output has 3 choices ALR, ALF and OFF. This because only one of these should be selected at a time.

Output settings are password protected for changes. The password for all units is 'service'. The password will be remembered for 1 hour, or until reboot of the system.



NMEA SENTENCES RECEIVED

If input is shown, then the system will colour code the headers to show if the data is recognised, and correct, recognised and not correct, or not recognised/used

All channels will detect inputs and automatically use those that are recognised.

As standard, only 'Time' messages are received from the LAN port, other messages will only be received if they have the JB70D2 box's SFI (VD0101) in the destination tag d:

For simulation purposes, alle messages sent from SFI SK1111 will be received.

Speed and course over ground (Required for "SOG from GPS when lost bottom")

Speed and course over ground	VTG,x.x,T,x.x,M,x.x,N,x.x,K,a*hh<CR><LF>
------------------------------	--

Time

Day, month, year	ZDA,hhmmss.ss,xx,xx,xxxx,xx,xx*hh<CR><LF>
------------------	---

Position

Geographical lat/lon	GLL,llll.ll,a,yyyy.yy,a,hhmmss.ss,A,a*hh<CR><LF>
GPS position	GGA,hhmmss.ss,llll.ll,yyyy.yy,a,x,xx,x.x,x.x,M,x.x,xxxx*hh <CR><LF>

Rate of Turn (Required for docking functionality in Page D)

Rate of turn	ROT,x.x,A*hh<CR><LF>
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Alarm

Acknowledge alarm	ACK,xxx*hh<CR><LF>
	ACN,hhmmss.ss,aaa,x.x,x.x,c,a*hh<CR><LF>

Heading

Heading, true, present	HDT,xx.x,T*hh<CR><LF>
True heading and status	THS,x.x,a*hh<CR><LF>

Composite

Loran C specific	RMA,a,xxxx.xx,N,xxxxx.xx,W,,xx.x,xxx,,*xx<CR><LF>
GPS, transit specific	RMC,hhmmss.ss,A,llll.ll,a,yyyy.yy,a,x.x,x.x,xxxxx,,*hh <CR><LF>

External trip reset over NMEA

Trip reset In SOG only mode Trip reset to DL2 will be transferred to DL1.	\$PSKPRSTT*hh<CR><LF>
Trip and total adjust	\$PSKPSTL,<trip>,<Total>*hh<CR><LF>

External dimming over NMEA

External dimming of display unit	\$--DDC, a, xx,a*hh<CR><LF>
----------------------------------	-----------------------------

Placing a system in standby

Set a system in standby or wake up	\$PSKPSTLP,<target SFI>,<sleep value>*hh command added for setting system to sleep or waking up. <target SFI> can be JB's SFI or SFI of a display paired with JB of a particular system, <sleep value> is "1" or "0", "1" - sleep
------------------------------------	--

A number of proprietary inputs may also be present (particularly on the LAN channel) to communicate with the display and JB70 unit.

NMEA SENTENCES TRANSMITTED

(talker) IEC 61162-1:2016(E) (NMEA 0183) messages:

Speed and distance

Name	Description	Example
VHW	Water speed and heading (In a DL21 "SOG only" mode VHW will show water speed from DL1)	\$VDVHW,,,,,x.x,N,x.x,K*hh <CR><LF>
VLW	Dual water/ground distance sentence x.x = Total trip (Water), y.y = Trip (Water) Ground distance a.a = Total Distance (Ground),b.b = Trip (Ground) (In a DL21 "SOG only" mode VLW will show water trip and total from DL1)	\$VDVLW,x.x,N,y.y,N,a.a,N,b.b,N*hh<CR><LF>
VBW	Dual ground/water speed x.x= Longitudal water speed (knots, "-"=astern) y.y= Transversal water speed (knots, "-"=port) A= Status Valid data V= Invalid data) z.z= Longitudinal ground speed (knots, "-"=astern) u.u= Transversal ground speed (knots, "-"=port) p.p= Stern Transv water speed. Not used on DL2(Empty) s.s= Stern Transversal ground speed (knots, "-"=port) In a DL21 "SOG Only" mode VBW x.x will show data from DL1 STW (y.y will be empty)	\$VDVBW,x.x,y.y,A,z.z,u.u,A,p.p,V,s.s,A*hh <CR><LF>
VBWX	Dual ground DL2/water DL1 speed In a DL21 "SOG+STW" mode VBWX will show VBW data from DL2 + d.d= Longitudal water speed from DL1	\$SPSKVBWX,x.x,y.y,A,z.z,u.u,A,p.p,A,s.s,A,d.d,A*hh <CR><LF>

Temperature

Name	Description	Example
MTW	Water temperature	\$VDMTW,x.x,C*hh<CR><LF>

Water current

Name	Description	Example
CUR	Water current x.x=Current speed in knots B=Bottom track (P=GPS)	\$VDCUR,1.1,3.0.,Tx.x,y.y,T,B*hh<CR><LF>

Water current function is only available with 3 valid sea calibrations and installation angle offset in place.

Alarm

Name	Description	Example
ALR	Set alarm state	\$VDALR,hhmmss.ss,xxx,A,A,<Alarm message> *hh<CR><LF>
ALF		\$VDALF,x,x,x,hhmmss.ss,a,a,a,aaa,x.x,x.x,x.x,c---c*hh<CR><LF>
ALC	Cyclic alert list	\$VDALC,xx,xx,x.x,aaa,x.x,x.x,x.x,...,aaa,x.x,x.x,x.x*hh<CR><LF>
ARC	Alert command refused	\$VDARC,hh,mm,ss.ss,aaa,x.x,x.x,c*hh<CR><LF>
HBT	Heartbeat	\$VDHBT,xx,A*hh<CR><LF>

Depth

Name	Description	Example
DPT	Depth	\$IIDPT,x.x,x.x*hh<CR><LF>
DPC (Not in use)	Depth	

Values will be preceded with sign as needed (e.g "-" = Astern, Port). hh = Checksum.

ALERT SETUP

The speed log is not required to have alerts, however some category B warnings have been programmed. The systems allows local or remote acknowledge, silencing of the alerts and responsibility transfer. The system does not use aggregation and does not allow escalation.

To disable the limit warnings, The value should be set to 0kn.

The system does not transmit the x and z cluster parameters and must be used in the Nav cluster

The DL2 has 4 I/O options for alert communication:

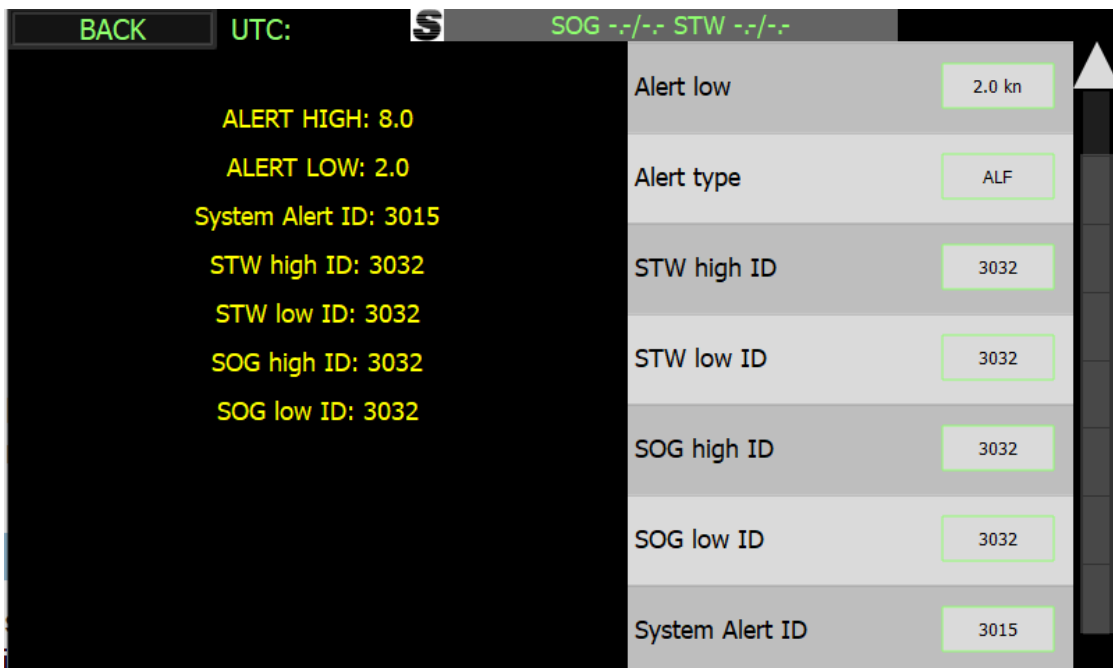
-NMEA. ALR/ALF message

-LAN. ALR/ALF message

The DL2 also has possibility to show power failure via the Aux output.

-AUX Out 1 and 2.Optocouplers

-AUX Out 3: Relay



The Available messages are:

Alert Title	Alert message	Description	Alert type	Alert ID ALF	Alert ID ALR
Alert High	SOG SPEED HI	SOG exceeds the selected limit	CAT B Warning	3032	234
	STW SPEED HI	STW exceeds the selected limit	CAT B Warning	3032	235
Alert Low	SOG SPEED LO	SOG exceeds the selected limit	CAT B Warning	3032	236
	STW SPEED LO	SOG exceeds the selected limit	CAT B Warning	3032	237
System Alert	System Error – Sensor Com	sensor communication error	CAT B Warning	3015	238
	System Error – Display lost	Internal communication error	CAT B Warning	3015	238

ALR messaging (transmit)

\$VDALR,hhmmss.ss,xxx,A,A,<Alarm message> *hh<CR><LF>	
\$VDALR	ALR message from VD (=Velocity Doppler)
hhmmss.ss	Time of alarm condition change, UTC
xxx	Unique alarm number (Id) at alarm source.
A	Alarm condition. A=Threshold exceeded, V=Not exceeded.
A	Alarm acknowledge state. A=Acknowledged, V=Unacknowledged.
<Alarm message>	Alarm description text: “Low speed” or “High speed”
hh	Checksum
<CR><LF>	Carriage return and line feed (Normally not visible)

Initially at “no alert” no messages will be sent , occasionally \$VDALR,,V,V,*nn.

If one of the “Low speed” or “High speed” alerts are exceeding threshold, the alarm exceeding threshold will send an alarm message. In below example WT and BT has exceeded “High speed” threshold. The unique alert number (Id) is as shown in the alarm type table above, A is “Alarm condition” “Exceeded”. V is “Unacknowledged” state.

\$VDALR,152609.17,10235,A,V,STW Speed Hi*nn
\$VDALR,152609.17,10234,A,V,SOG Speed Hi*nn

If the touch display is touched or ACK acknowledge command is sent to DL2. A is “Alarm condition” “Exceeded”. A is “Acknowledged” state.

\$VDALR,152619.17,10235,A,A,STW Speed Hi*3B
\$VDALR,152619.17,10234,A,A,SOG Speed Hi*2C

When speed is again inside treshold ALR message will change to “No alarm”, “Acknowledged” on all. V is “Alarm condition” “Not exceeded”. A is “Acknowledged” state.

\$VDALR,152725.75,10235,V,A,STW Speed Hi*26
\$VDALR,152725.75,10234,V,A,SOG Speed Hi*31

If the user acknowledges, the sentence will show 1 time the acknowledged state

\$VDALR,152725.75,10235,V,V,STW Speed Hi*26
\$VDALR,152725.75,10234,V,V,SOG Speed Hi*31

and then return to its normal state of sending

\$VDALR,,V,V,*26

at least 1 time per minute (HBT sentence is also sent every minute)

(receive)ACK Acknowledgement (works if ALR is activated)

\$ _ACK	ACK acknowledge header
	Time of alert command UTC (if available)
x..x	Alert identifier
hh	Checksum
< CR><LF>	Carriage return and line feed

ALF messaging (transmit)

The DL2 alerts are classed as category B, and can use the full protocol of INS alarming.

At time of print ALF is the most modern and recommended standard for alerting. This alert method should not be used at the same time as ALR.

ALF message works in conjunction with ACN, HBT, and ALC is defined

\$VDALF	ALF message from VD (=Velocity Doppler)
x	Total number of ALF sentences (1)
x	Sentence number (1)
x	Sequential message identifier (1)
hhmmss.ss	Time of alarm condition change, UTC (if available)
a	Alert category (B)
a	Alert priority, E A W or C (A)
a	Alert state A,S,N,O,U or V V= Active unacknowledged (Like ALR A,V) S= Silenced A=Active acknowledged (Like ALR A,A) O = Responsibility transfered U = Rectified unacknowledged (Like ALR V,V,...) N = Normal (like ALR V,V with no ID)
aaa	Manufacturer mnemonic code (SKP)
x..x	alart identifier
x..x	alert instance 1-999999"
xx	Revision counter 1-99
x	Escalation counter 1-9
c--c	Alert text (see list of alarm types)
hh	Checksum
<CR><LF>	Carriage return and line feed (Normally not visible)

example

\$VDALF,1,1,0,124304.50,B,W,V,10234,SKP,1,1,SOG Speed Hi*hh

(received) ACN Acknowledgement (works if ALF is activated)

\$ _ACN	ACN acknowledge header
	Time of aalert command UTC (if available)
aaa	Manufacturer Mnemonic (as in alarm types table)
x..x	Alert identifier
x..x	Alert instance
c	Alert command A,Q,O,S A= Acknowledge Q= Request to repeat ALF O= responsibility transfer S= silence
a	Sentence status flag
hh	Checksum
< CR><LF>	Carriage return and line feed

Example

\$IIACN,124305.50,10234,SKP,A,A *hh

ALC Cyclic alert list (transmit) (sent every 30 seconds when ALF is activated)

If the system receives this command, it will resend the active ALF sentences

\$ ALC	ALC header
xx	total number of sentences for this message
xx	sentence number
xx	sequential message identifier
x..x	number of alert entries
aaa	manufacturer mnemonic code
x.x	alert identifier
x.x	alert instance
x.x	revision counter
.....	additional alerts
aaa	manufacturer mnemonic code
x.x	alert identifier
x.xalert instance
x.xrevision counter
hh	Checksum
< CR><LF>	Carriage return and line feed

HBT Heartbeat (transmit) (sent every 60 seconds if ALR or ALF are selected)

\$VD HBT	Heartbeat header
xx	Configured repeat interval (60 sec)
A	Equipment status (A,V)
x	Sequential sentence identifier (0-9)
hh	checksum
< CR><LF>	Carriage return and line feed

Alarm using relay and AUX function

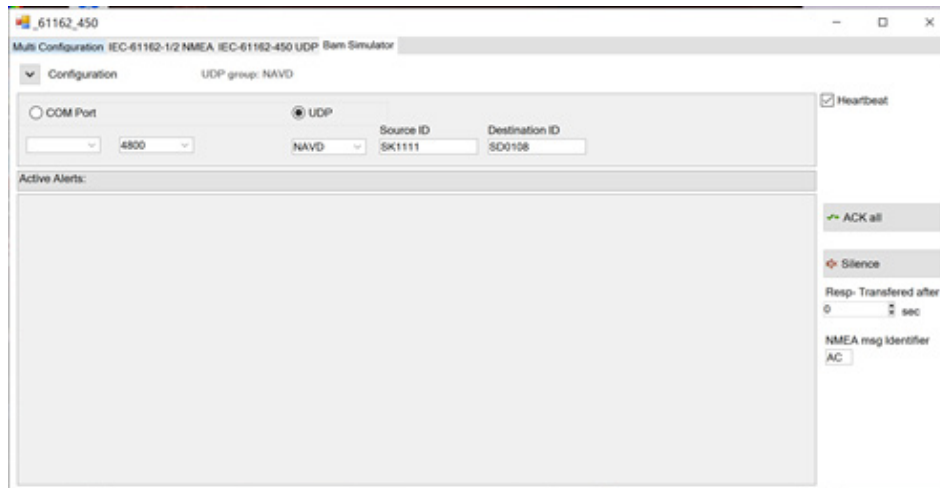
All ports marked AUX can be defined in the AUX setup. All AUX ports are isolated, most with optoisolators requiring a voltage to make them operate. 1 AUX output is a relay output and this can be used for normal alarm use or as a switch for a sounder (The system does not contain a sounder and this must be connected if the alarms are to be used without an external alarm system)

By default AUX input 1 is used for alarm reset, the relay is used for alarm output. A second AUX output can be used as a separate power failure alarm if required. If the relay is used for an alarm sounder, then AUX should be set to 'alarm beep output'. This will cause a beep 3 times every 7 seconds while an alarm is active and not silenced. The Aux outputs can also be set to change on power failure, this can be connected to an external sounder/CAM in case of power failure of this system.

The Display Version SB (Part number CU-M001-SB) includes an internal buzzer which is activated for alerts from software SW-M005-1.2.0.0.

Diagnostics of alerts

The Skipper service software contains a BAM simulator as part of the Communications /terminal emulator application allowing the user to test, acknowledge and transfer of responsibility, allowing the alerts and their statuses to be shown



The following shows the NMEA output for an alarm test of all alarms/ warnings / cautions

```

SVDHBT,60,A,3*14
SVDALC,01,01,27,0*69
SVDALF,1,1,0,,B,W,V,,3032,1,1,0,STW Speed Lo*00
SVDALF,1,1,1,,B,W,V,,3032,3,1,0,SOG Speed Lo*08
SVDALC,01,01,28,2,,3032,1,1,,3032,3,1*66
SVDALF,1,1,2,,B,W,V,,3032,1,1,0,STW Speed Lo*02
SVDALF,1,1,3,,B,W,V,,3032,3,1,0,SOG Speed Lo*0A
$ARC,,,3032,1,0*00
SVDHBT,60,A,4*13
SVDALC,01,01,29,2,,3032,1,1,,3032,3,1*67
SVDALF,1,1,4,,B,W,V,,3032,1,2,1,STW Speed Lo*06
SVDALF,1,1,5,,B,W,V,,3032,3,2,1,SOG Speed Lo*0E
SVDALF,1,1,6,,B,W,O,,3032,1,3,1,STW Speed Lo*1C
SVDALF,1,1,7,,B,W,A,,3032,3,3,1,SOG Speed Lo*1A
SVDALF,1,1,8,,B,W,V,,3015,5,1,0,Display Comm*6B
SVDALC,01,01,30,3,,3032,1,3,,3032,3,3,,3015,5,1*6D
SVDALF,1,1,9,,B,W,A,,3032,1,4,1,STW Speed Lo*1A
SVDALF,1,1,0,,B,W,V,,3015,6,1,0,Sensor Comm*0C
SVDHBT,60,A,5*12
SVDALC,01,01,31,4,,3032,1,4,,3032,3,3,,3015,5,1,,3015,6,1*6C
SVDALF,1,1,1,,B,W,U,,3015,6,2,0,Sensor Comm*0D
SVDALF,1,1,2,,B,W,U,,3015,5,2,0,Display Comm*61
SVDALF,1,1,3,,B,W,N,,3015,6,3,0,Sensor Comm*15
SVDALF,1,1,4,,B,W,N,,3015,5,3,0,Display Comm*7D
SVDALC,01,01,32,2,,3032,1,4,,3032,3,3*6A
SVDALF,1,1,5,,B,W,N,,3032,1,5,1,STW Speed Lo*18
SVDALF,1,1,6,,B,W,V,,3032,1,1,0,STW Speed Lo*06
SVDALF,1,1,7,,B,W,U,,3032,1,2,0,STW Speed Lo*07
SVDALF,1,1,8,,B,W,V,,3032,2,1,0,STW Speed Hi*09
SVDALF,1,1,9,,B,W,N,,3032,3,4,1,SOG Speed Lo*1C
SVDALF,1,1,0,,B,W,V,,3032,4,1,0,SOG Speed Hi*0C
SVDALF,1,1,1,,B,W,V,,3032,3,1,0,SOG Speed Lo*08
SVDALF,1,1,2,,B,W,U,,3032,4,2,0,SOG Speed Hi*0E
SVDALF,1,1,3,,B,W,U,,3032,3,2,0,SOG Speed Lo*0A
SVDALF,1,1,4,,B,W,V,,3032,4,3,0,SOG Speed Hi*0A
SVDALF,1,1,5,,B,W,S,,3032,2,2,0,STW Speed Hi*02
SVDALF,1,1,6,,B,W,S,,3032,4,4,0,SOG Speed Hi*0A
SVDHBT,60,A,6*11
SVDALC,01,01,33,4,,3032,1,2,,3032,2,2,,3032,3,2,,3032,4,4*6A
SVDALF,1,1,7,,B,W,A,,3032,4,5,0,SOG Speed Hi*18
SVDALF,1,1,8,,B,W,U,,3032,2,3,0,STW Speed Hi*08
SVDALF,1,1,9,,B,W,V,,3032,2,4,0,STW Speed Hi*0D
SVDALF,1,1,0,,B,W,U,,3032,2,5,0,STW Speed Hi*06
SVDALF,1,1,1,,B,W,N,,3032,4,6,0,SOG Speed Hi*12
SVDALF,1,1,2,,B,W,V,,3032,3,3,0,SOG Speed Lo*09
SVDALF,1,1,3,,B,W,U,,3032,3,4,0,SOG Speed Lo*0C
SVDALF,1,1,4,,B,W,N,,3032,2,6,0,STW Speed Hi*1A
SVDALC,01,01,34,2,,3032,1,2,,3032,3,4*6D
SVDALF,1,1,5,,B,W,N,,3032,3,5,0,SOG Speed Lo*10
SVDALF,1,1,6,,B,W,N,,3032,1,3,0,STW Speed Lo*1C
SVDHBT,60,A,7*10
SVDALC,01,01,35,0*6A
    
```

All the alerts can be sent and handled by a remote CAM/BAM.

The system detects the alert systems status using a received HBT from the CAM/BAM. If this is missing responsibility transfer will be cancelled.

Warnings can be simulated by pressing the Test Alarms button in the diagnostics screen. An S will show on screen, until this feature is deactivated..

SETUP AUX

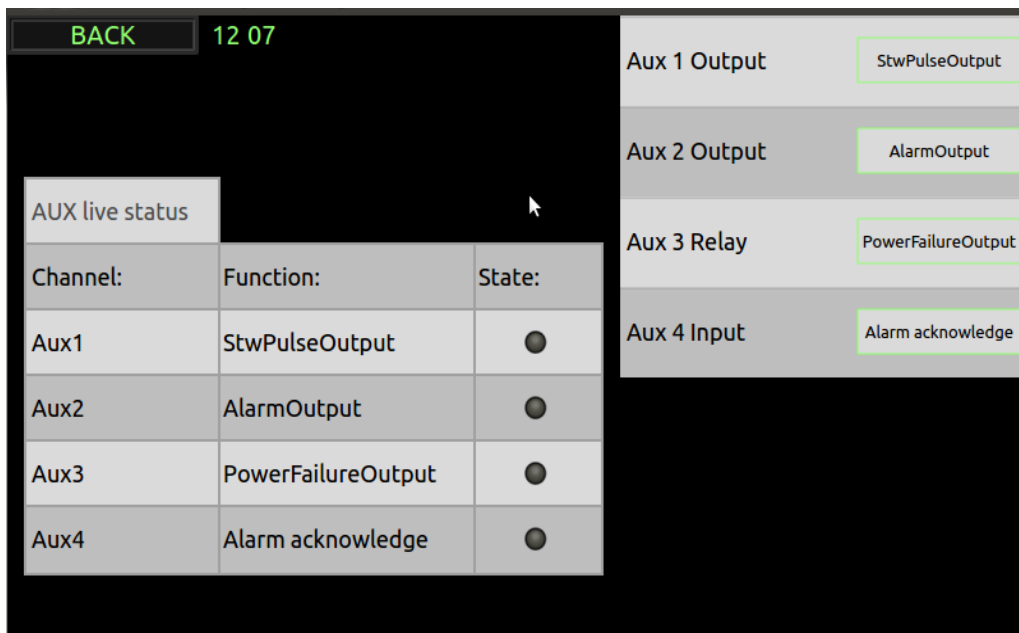
The Auxiliary inputs and outputs can be assigned to different functions in the AUX Setup screen.

If Speed warning is selected on one of the output channels, then the user can set a high and low limit. At this STW speed the state of the output will change.

The current state of the AUX input and outputs are shown in the table below

Name	Type	Pin numbers (J2 Aux)	Default configuration
Aux 1 Output	Opto-isolator	7 +, 9 -	STW Speed limit
Aux 2 Output	Opto-isolator	2+, 4-	STWPulseOutput
Aux 3 Relay	Relay	1 NC, 3 Com, 5, NO	Power Failure
Aux 4 Input	Opto-isolator	2+, 4-	Alarm Silence

Speed warning changes the output state as the vessels speed passes a set speed, this can have 2 values low and high. These values are set using below buttons.



AUX 1 and 2 Output options

Option name	Description	Option Code required?
STWPulseOutput	200 PPNM showing STW	
SOGPulseOutput	200 PPNM showing STW	
AlarmBeepOutput	The output will click 3 times every 7 seconds when an unacknowledged alarm is active	
AlarmOutput	The state will change when an unacknowledged alarm is active	
SpeedLimit	The State will change when it enters the speed zone	
Synch Out	When the sensor is confirmed silenced, this changes	Sync Option
Power failure		
Fitness Output	An optional output to Fitness Alarm each touch of screen	
Disabled		

AUX 3 Relay

AlarmBeepOutput	The output will click 3 times every 7 seconds when an unacknowledged alarm is active	
AlarmOutput	The state will change when an unacknowledged alarm is active	
SpeedLimit	The State will change when it enters the speed zone	
Synch Out	When the sensor is confirmed silenced, this changes	Sync Option
Power failure	This power failure relay will switch if all power disappears. There are no MED requirement for dual power of the system. In case of powering the system from both 24VDC and 220/110VAC there is no alarm functionality to detect if one power is missing.	
Fitness Output	An optional output to Fitness Alarm each touch of screen	
Disabled		

AUX 4 Input options

Alarmacknowledge	All active alarms will be acknowledged when the state of this is changed	
Alarm Silence		
Mute	This is active when the sensor is silenced.	Sync Option

SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS

The Diagnostics screen allows the user to test the system, activating alarms and outputting set speeds. It is also possible to perform self test of the system and check the status.

Self test will perform the following actions:

- Check internal voltages and compare them to defaults and installation references.
- Check connectivity and connected items.
- Disconnect NMEA ports and loop back to check circuit function.
- Measure function of the sensor (pinging between channels and analyze returning signals).

To test other systems connected to this system, a data test is available, allowing output parameters to be entered and given out on all the activated outputs. In addition, an alarm condition can be simulated and acknowledged. For demonstration, a simulator can be activated to show a recorded data set over time. This function will turn off automatically after 6 hours or on power reset.

Speed simulation is a full check of the system. The speed information is set to the sensor and the sensor produces frequencies corresponding to the desired speed. In this way all parts of the system are in use, and this in itself is a good diagnostic check.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS IN THE DIAGNOSTIC PAGE

- Simulators
- Speed

In this page it is possible to set a fixed speed and send this to the sensor. This will result in the speed being presented on all displays and outputs. This mode is a full simulator and will verify that all electronics and processing in the system are operational. When active an orange 'S' will show on screen.

- Alarm

By pressing the alarm simulator a typical alarm will become active. this can be acknowledged as normal, and will disappear when the simulator is removed. The alarm shown will be system error_2

- Raw Data

starting raw data with a USB stick inserted will record very low level data regarding noise and frequencies that can be sent to SKIPPER for analysis. While in use, the system will present GPS data on the outputs and run in simulator mode. Raw data can be collected for SOG, STW or depth.

ERROR MESSAGES

The following error cases are accounted for.

Error description	Possible fault	How you see it
system error 0	The sensor is not sending data. Check cabling between sensor and Electronic unit.	On the screen the data disappears and is replaced by ‘-.-’ The JB70 unit will send a system alarm ‘System error 0’ The status LED 2 on JB unit shows constant orange
Speed -.-	Data from sensor wrong Sensor is not able to measure the speed.	On the screen the data disappears and is replaced by ‘-.-’ The Status LED 2 on JB70 unit will flash orange
Lost communication. system error 1	Loss of communication between display unit and electronic unit. Check your cabling and check pairing setup. (SKIPPER service software may be used)	On screen the following warning will occur ‘Lost communication’ The JB70 unit will send a system alarm. system error 1
System error 2	This is an indication of corrected error, not being acknowledged.	Example: After power up you may see “system error 2” indicating a corrected-power failure not being acknowledged.

1 The Display does not connect with the JB70 electronic unit

(Shows ‘NO CONNECTION’)

The display connects using a UDP LAN protocol. Both units must be set up to have an ID number and IP address. The skipper service software can be used to simply reassign all these values. Skipper service software available from the download pages of www.skipper.no.

2 No data from the sensor (the screen shows -.- instead of STW value)

This can be due to cabling issues to the sensor or sensor failure. Go to the config Diagnostics page, and run a self test. This will report no detected sensor, in this case. Most likely problem is wrong cabling, but maybe the voltage is too low for the sensor. Measure the voltage at the junction near the sensor. This voltage should be >15V

If it is lower, remove the cable from the electronic unit and loop the end cable at this point, and measure the loop resistance. It should be according to the specification shown in chapter 2. The values supplied for installation are worst case and the sensor will work normally with a loop resistance of up to 16 ohms.

If the voltage is ok at this point, check the NMEA output of the sensor (Blue/green) to check the sensor is operational. You can also measure current taken by the sensor, it should be in the region of 200mA at 24V (5W) and pulsing higher.

If this is not the case, try connecting a power supply with 24V directly to the sensor (Green +24V, Brown 0V) to see if unit starts.

If all this fails, there may be an error in the sensor.

SAVING AND LOCKING

The parameters will be automatically saved and if the the individual units of the system loose communications, they will re-synchronize when they reconnect.

HARDWARE OPTIONS

In addition to the mechanical options and software options, it is possible to select hardware options. These require an additional PCB and front plate.

Dual system (DL21)

The DL2 (JB70D2 electronic unit) can be fitted with an extension card where the card can be used as a separate single axis Doppler speed log. In addition to the PCB, an additional sensor or the sensor of type DL21S is required. This sensor contains both 2 axis (270 kHz) transducers, but also a single axis (715 kHz) speed log within the same housing. New regulations for vessels over 50 K GRT (Gross Register Tonnage) state that the vessel must have separate (electrically isolated) systems for speed over ground and speed through water. This system and the use of auxiliary +24 V DC power on the JB70D2-X electronic unit meets this criteria. A CD402CU-XX control unit will also be required for the secondary system.

STATUS LEDs

There are 3 status LEDs found on the JB70 Electronic unit.



STATUS LED 1(Green) DL2
 STATUS LED 2(Yellow) DL2
 STATUS LED 3(Green) only in use in DL1

The green and yellow LEDs are in use by the DL2. Functionality depending of software version.

Ver. < 1.0.13.12	
LED1	LED2
ON	ON

Ver. >= 1.0.13.12		
LED1	LED2	
OFF	ON	no sensor data
OFF	BLINK	invalid sensor data
BLINK	OFF	valid sensor data

CHAPTER 6: SOLVING PROBLEMS

The following section covers envisaged problems with the system.

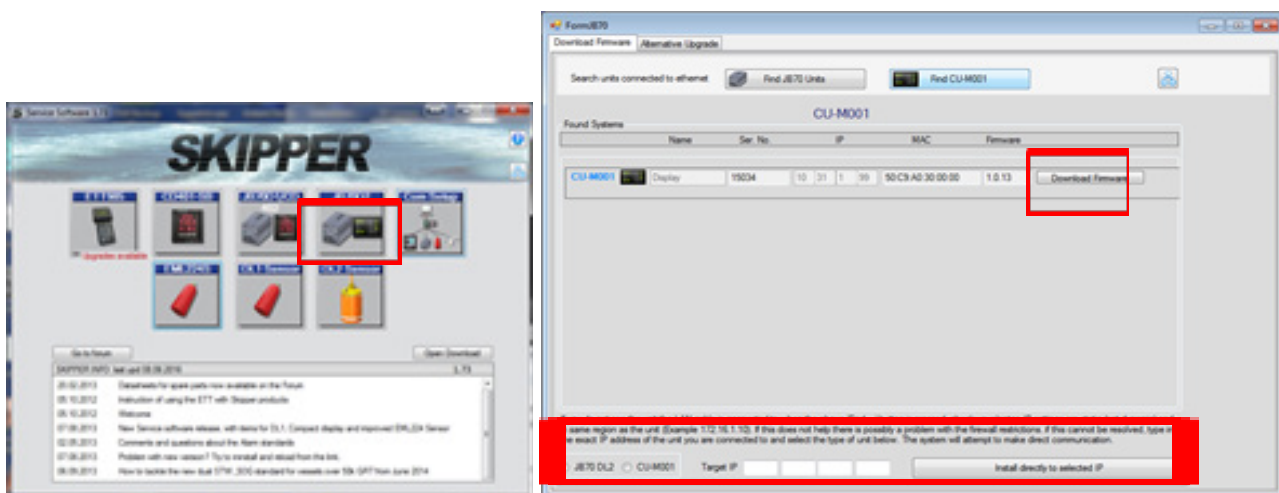
SOFTWARE UPGRADE

The DL2 system consists of 3 software packages, All of these can be upgraded via the LAN interface. To do this download the SKIPPER service software from www.skipper.no. Install this on a PC and then connect to the unit, either through the ships network or directly. Then follow the instructions in the software.

As this product is new, there will be frequent improvements added to the software. Please monitor the SKIPPER web site to see if these are useful for you.

To upgrade select Come setup and search for systems. Check you can see the systems you are connected to. Set your PC's Network settings to Static ip address with address 172.16.1.95 Search with the software.

Close this window and go to the JB70D2 window. Search for the part to be upgraded. Press Download Firmware and follow the instructions



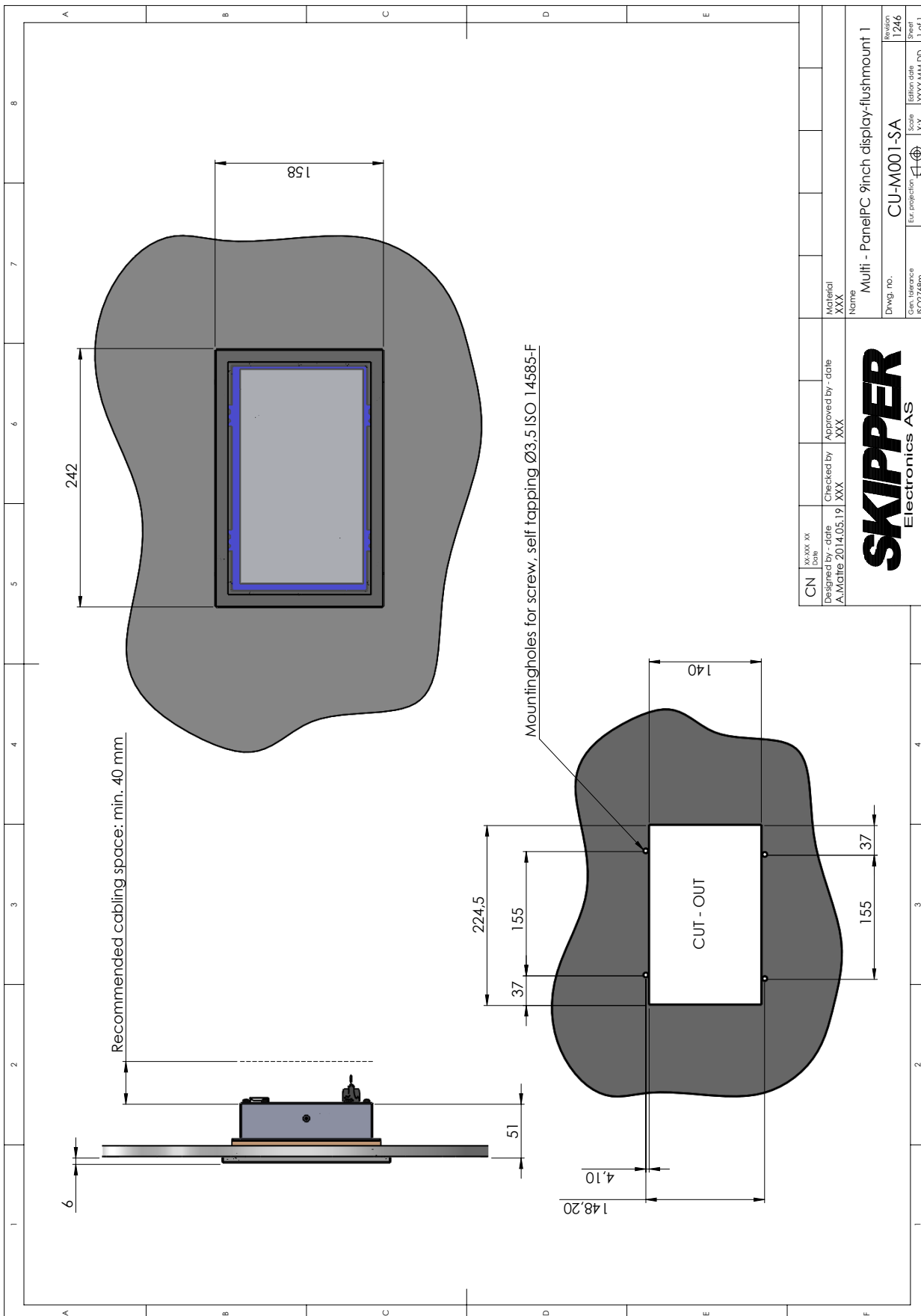
If you do not see the system you are connected to, type the IP address into the lower window. and select the system type (Default JB70D2 is 172.16.1.101, CU-M001 is 172.16.1.102

Then select the software
 SW-M004 for JB70DL2 Electronic unit
 SW-M005 for CU-M001 Display

More updated information will be available on the SKIPPER forum (www.skipper.no/smf) and in the data bullitins

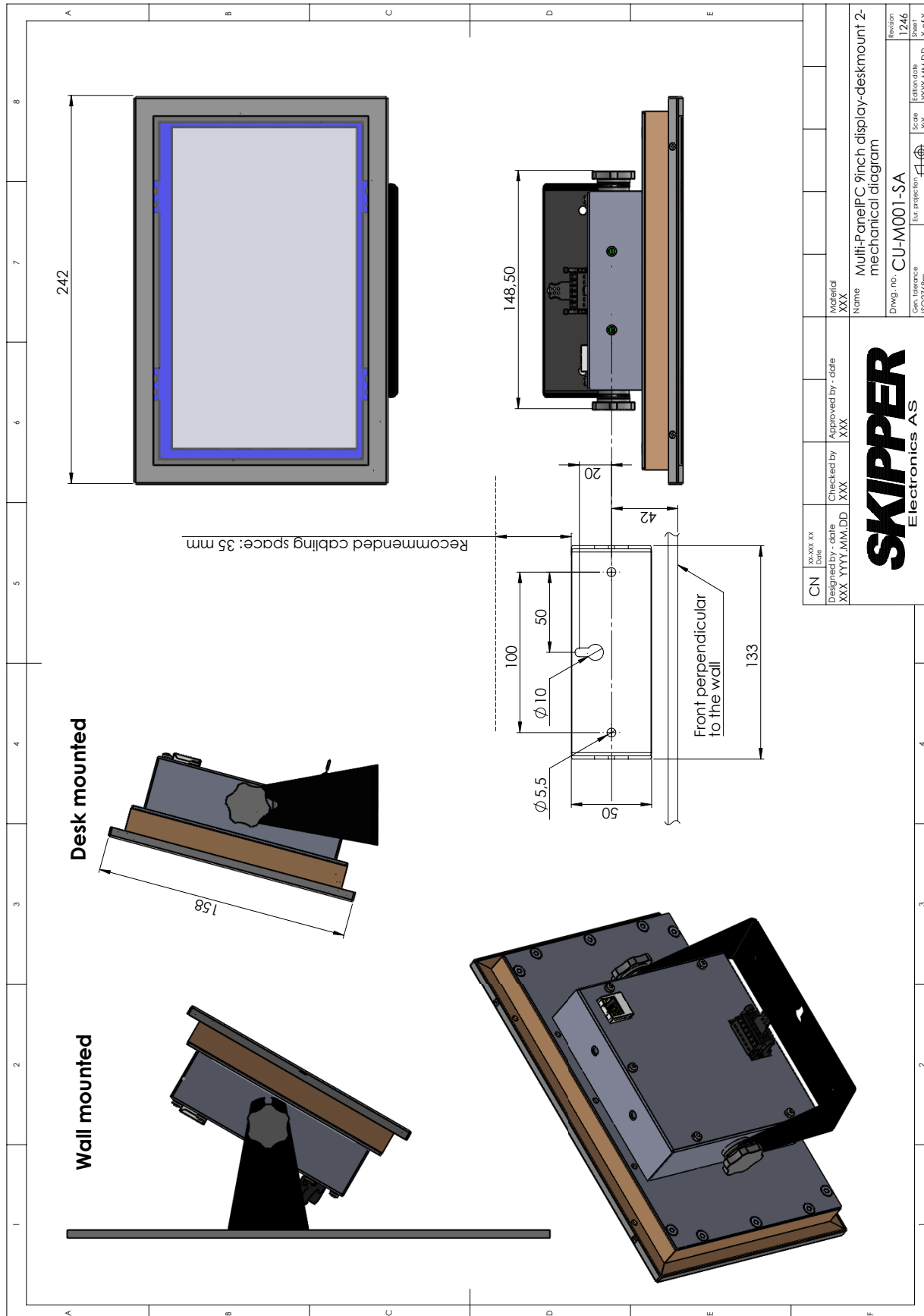
APPENDIX 1: INSTALLATION DRAWINGS

Operator unit Flushmount dimensions

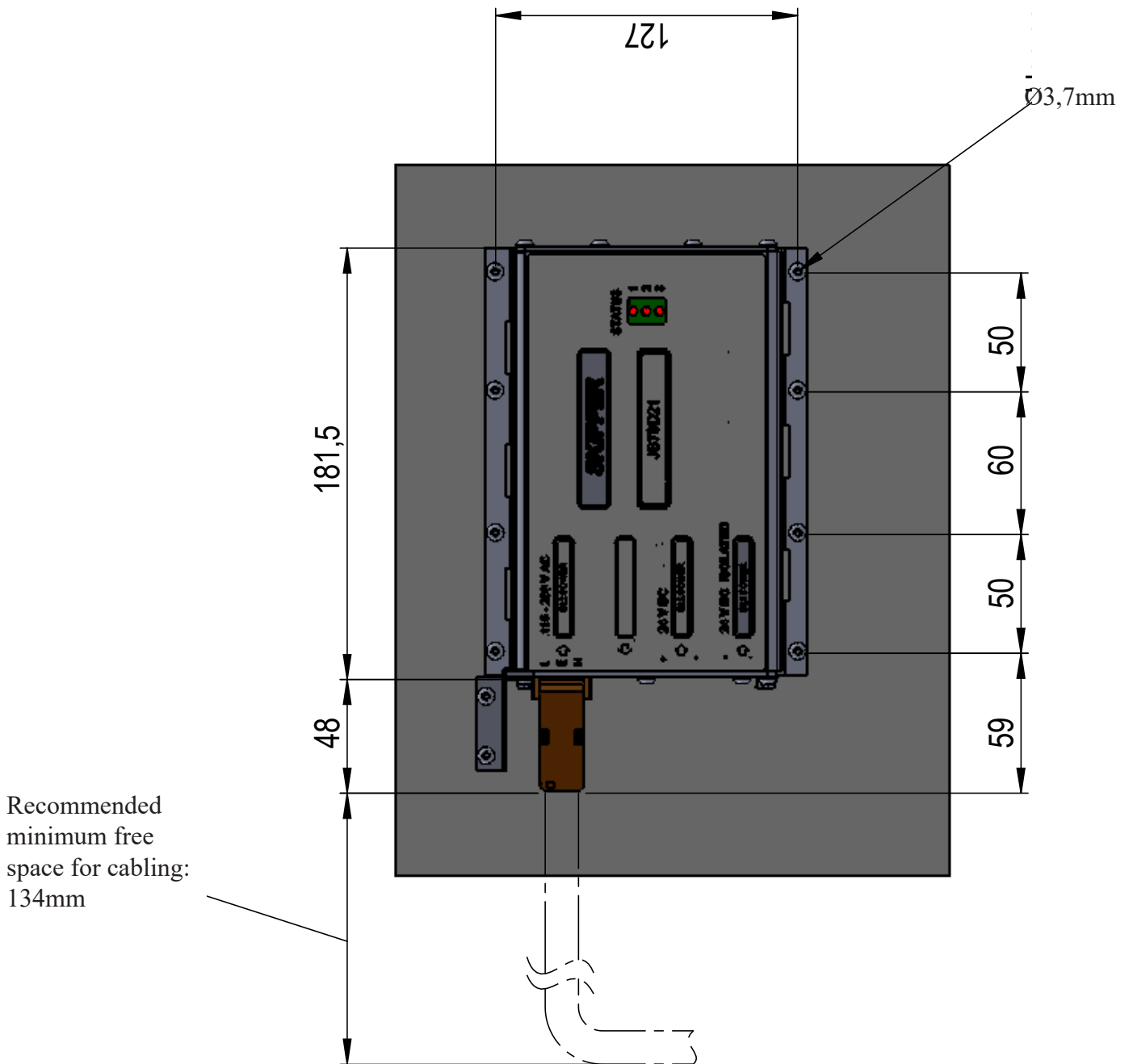


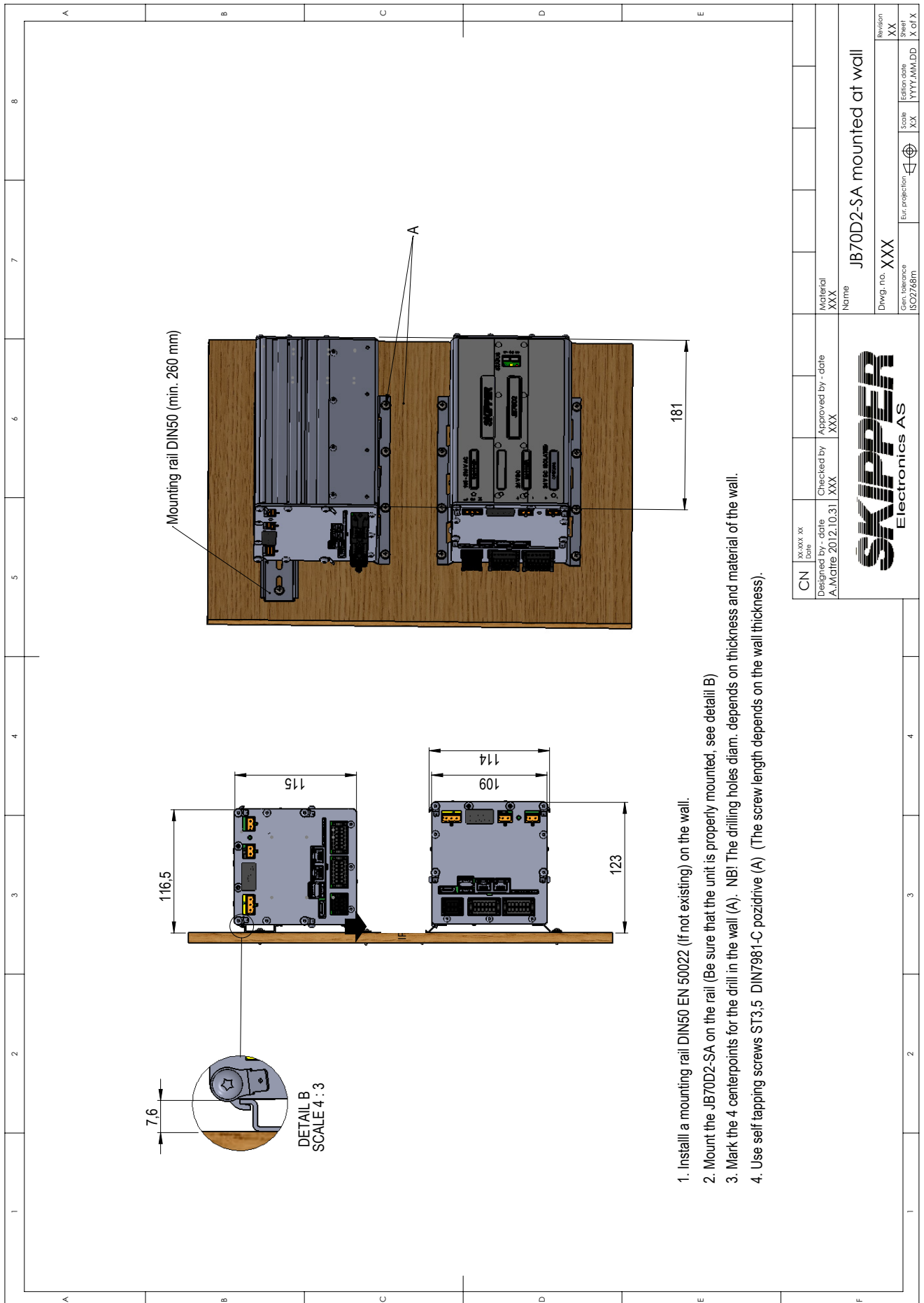
CN	XI-XXX-XX Date	Designed by - date A.McIver 2014.05.19	Checked by XXX	Approved by - date XXX	Material XXX	Name Multi - PanelPC 9inch display-flushmount 1
				Dwg. no. CU-M001-SA	Revision 1246	
				Scale X:X	Sheet 1 of 1	

Optional operator unit desk/wall mount dimensions.
 (Requires part number: MG-0002. Mounting bracket for 9" touch display.)



Electronic unit JB70 Dimensional drawings



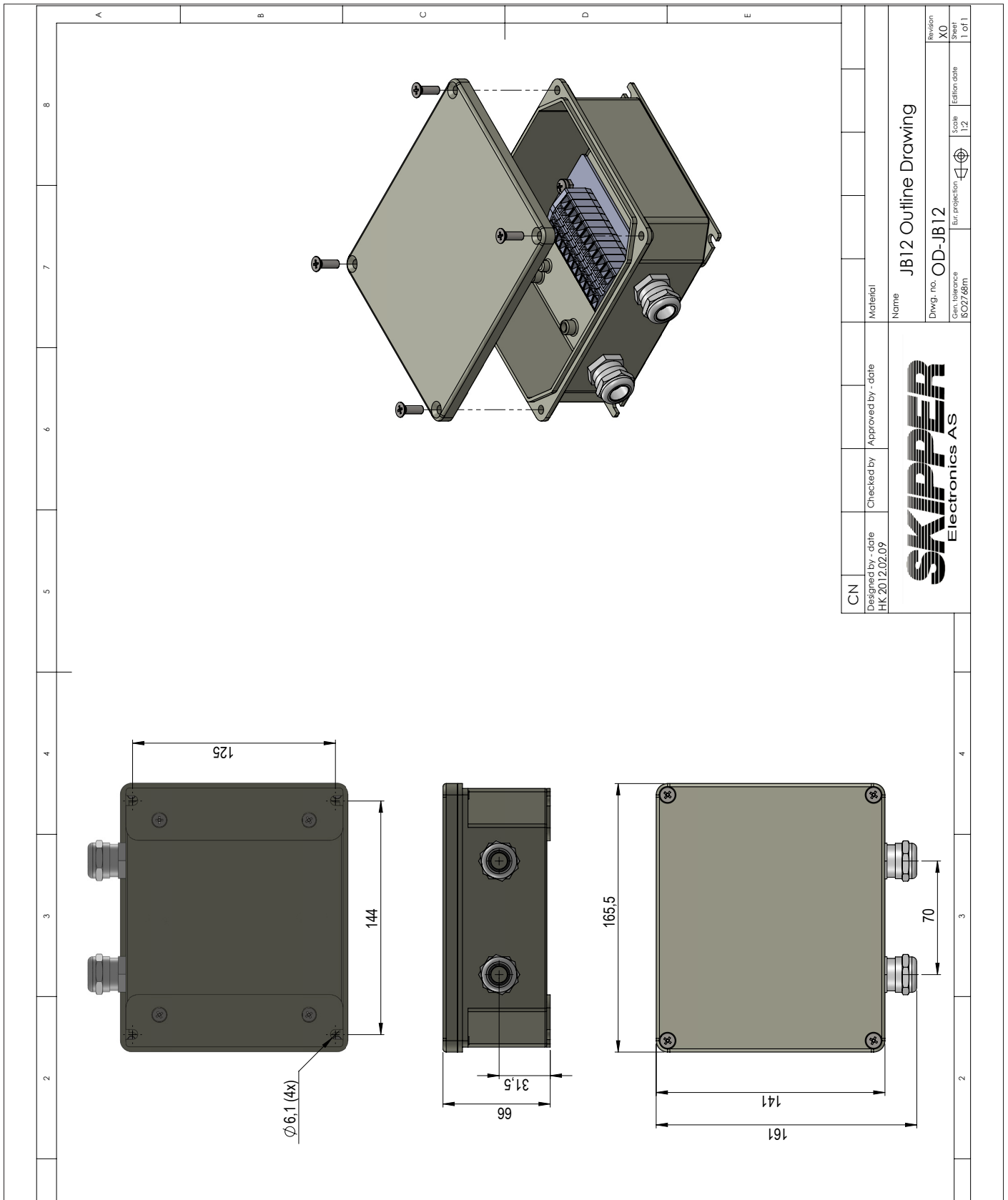


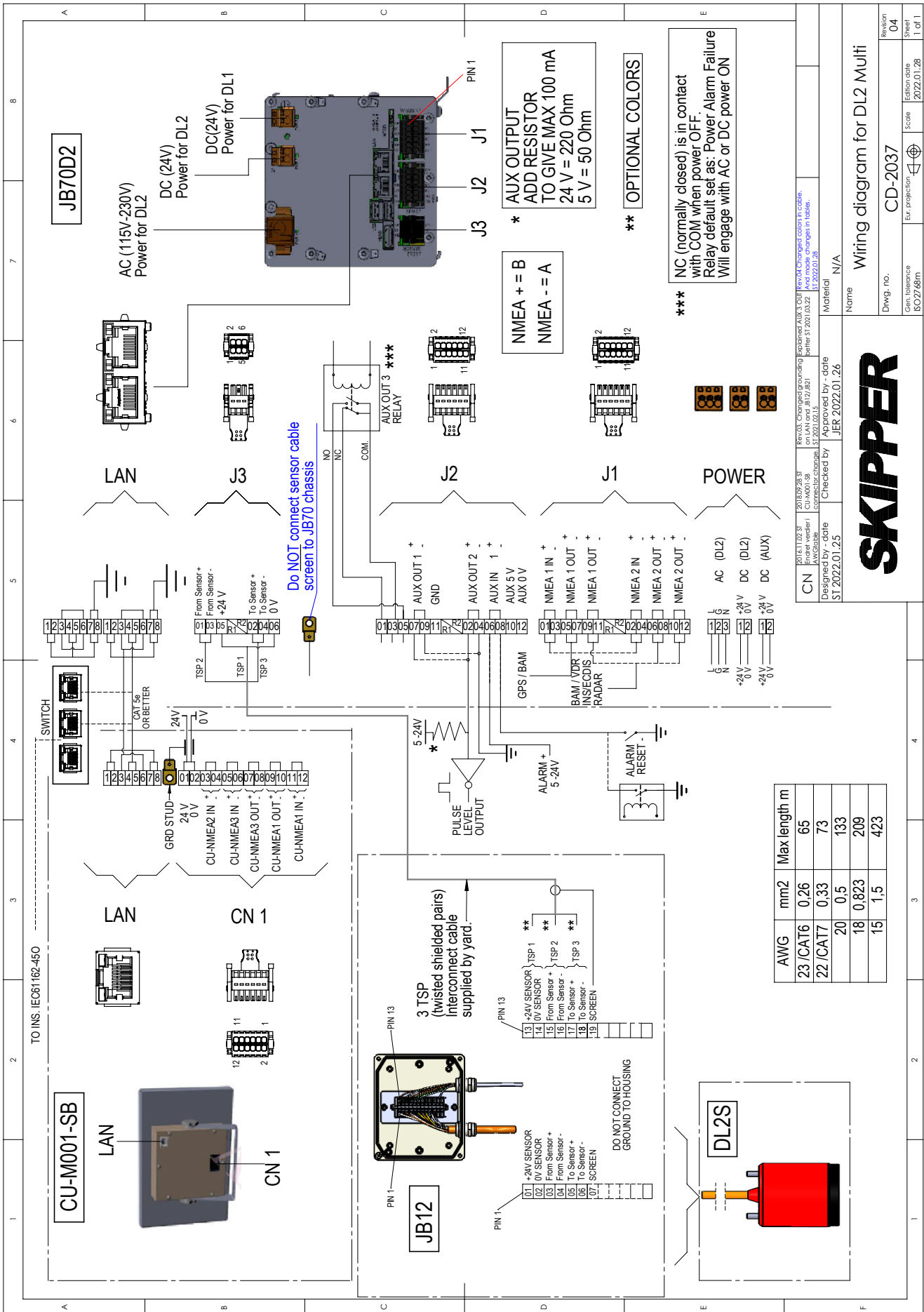
1. Install a mounting rail DIN50 EN 50022 (if not existing) on the wall.
2. Mount the JB70D2-SA on the rail (Be sure that the unit is properly mounted, see detail B)
3. Mark the 4 centerpoints for the drill in the wall (A). NB! The drilling holes diam. depends on thickness and material of the wall.
4. Use self tapping screws ST3,5 DIN7981-C pozidriv (A) (The screw length depends on the wall thickness).

CN	XX-XXX-XX Date	Approved by - date XXX	Material XXX	Revision XX
	Designed by - date A.Mattre 2012.10.31	Checked by XXX	Name JB70D2-SA mounted at wall	Scale XX
			Drwg. no. XXX	Scale XX
			Con. table no. ISO2768m	Scale XX
			Dir. protection	Scale XX
			Con. table no. ISO2768m	Scale XX
			Dir. protection	Scale XX
			Con. table no. ISO2768m	Scale XX
			Dir. protection	Scale XX



Junction box JB12 Dimentional drawings





SKIPPER

Wiring diagram for DL2 Multi

Revision: 04
Sheet: 1 of 1
Scale: 1:1
Edition date: 2022.01.28
Dwg. no.: CD-2037
Eur. projection:

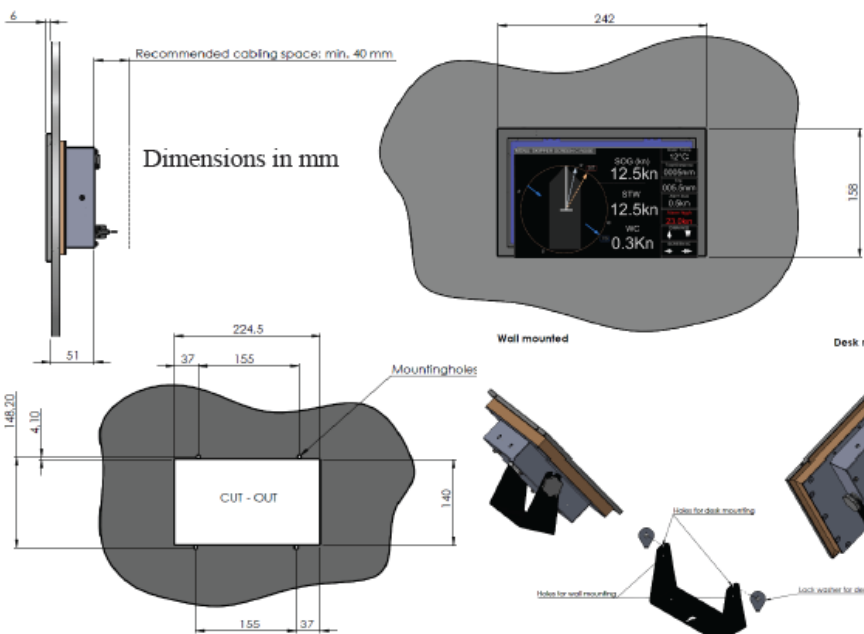
Designed by: - date: 31.03.2022, 02.15
Checked by: - date: JER 2022.01.26
Approved by: - date: JER 2022.01.26
Material: N/A
Name: N/A

APPENDIX 2: DATA SHEETS



Specifications

Description	Multi - PanelPC 9inch touch display 9" Touch display. Resistive touch, Resolution 800 x 480. LED backlight. 400 Nits. Viewing angle 70/70/50/60 degrees Night dimming via touch or NMEA Flush mount, (wall mount or desktop mount option)
Input/Output	1 LAN. (IEC 61162-450) 2 NMEA in. 1 NMEA out. (NMEA 0183, IEC61162-1) 1 RS485/RS422 (NMEA use changes per product) Alarm Beeper
Used with	JB70XX-XX Electronic unit (CU-M001-SB(DL2,DL21), SD21-SA(SD21), ESN200-SB(ESN200)) JB40POW-SA Electronic unit (SL1200-SB(SL1200)) JB50E1-SA ESN100 Transceiver (ESN100-SB(ESN100))
Package consist of	9" Control unit Bracket for desk/wallmount Connector female, Power, NMEA, CAN
Mounting options	Flush, wall/desk with option MG-0002
Packaging dimensions	325 x 125 x 230 mm
Packaging weight	1,2 kg
Power consumption	12 - 24 V DC, max 10 W, typ 6 W
IP rating	22
Operating temperature	-15 to 55°C
Storage temperature	-20 to 70°C
Humidity	10 to 90% relative. No condensation
Manufacturer	SKIPPER Electronics AS, Norway



Note: For future compatibility leave extra space around the display of size 300x220 mm for CU-M101- replacement screen



SKIPPER Electronics AS
Enebakkveien 150
P.O.Box 151, Manglerud

0612 Oslo, Norway
E-mail: sales@skipper.no
Telephone: +47 23 30 22 70
Telefax: +47 23 30 22 71
Co.reg.no: NO-865378847 - MVA
www.skipper.no

All product specifications are subject to change without notice

Date: 2018.02.21

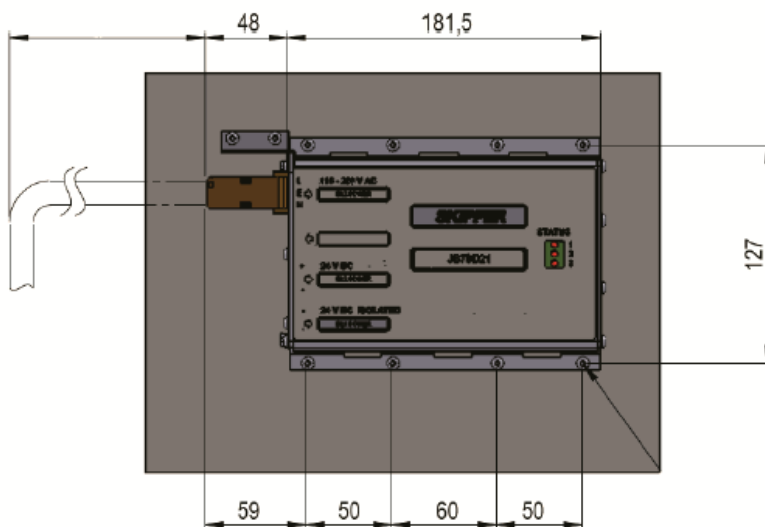
Product Datasheet

JB70D2-SA Electronic Unit for DL2 Dual Axis Doppler Speed Log

Specifications

	Part number	Description
	JB70D2-SA	Electronic unit for DL2 Dual Axis Doppler Speed Log
Control unit	CU-M001-SA or CU-M001-SB	DL2 - PanelPC 9inch touch display
Sensor	DL2SG-SA	Log sensor DL2 SKIPPER for 100mm Sea Valve
Package consist of	JB70D2-SA M-KIT-JB70XX	Electronic Unit for DL2 Dual Axis Doppler Speed Log Mounting Kit for JB70XX
PCBs inside Electronic unit	PP-M001 PC-M001	Multi Power, PCBM DL2 Main Processor, PCBM
Power input	115-230 V AC and/or 24 V DC	Power Max 60W typ. 15W
Standard in/out	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4 x NMEA 0183, IEC61162-1/2 output • 2 x NMEA 0183, IEC61162-1/2 input • 2 x Auxiliary output • 1 x Auxiliary input • 1 x Relay • 2 x LAN IEC 61162-450 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • • • Auxiliary output programmable to alarm, speed pulse, speed limit • Auxiliary input can be designated to alarm reset • Relay designated to speed alarm, powerfailure alarm
IP rating		IP 20
Operating temperature		-15 to 55°C
Storage temperature		-20 to 70°C
Humidity		10 to 90 % relative. No condensation
Weight		1.5 kg
Packaging dimensions/weight		30.5x21.5x21 cm/2 kg
Manufacturer		SKIPPER Electronics AS, Norway

Dimensions in mm



SKIPPER Electronics AS
Enebakkveien 150
P.O.Box 151, Manglerud
0612 Oslo, Norway

www.skipper.no
E-mail: sales@skipper.no
Telephone: +47 23 30 22 70

Co.reg.no: NO-965378847 - MVA

Date: 2018-09-28

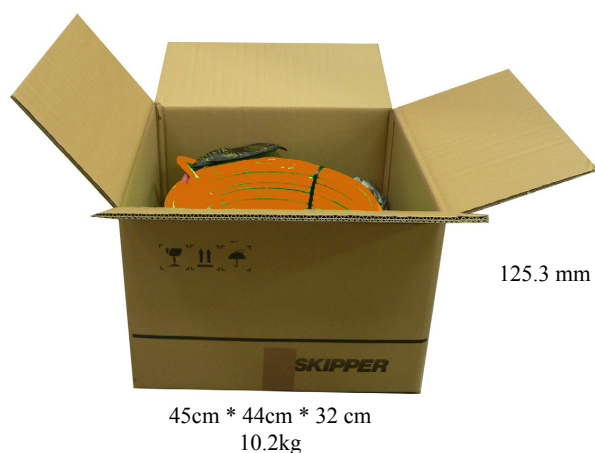
All product specifications are subject to change without notice

Product Datasheet

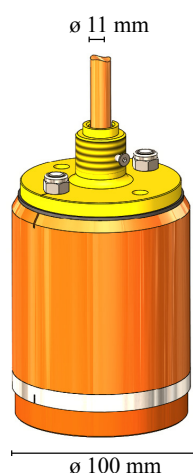
DL2SG-SA Log sensor DL2 SKIPPER for 100 mm Sea Valve

Specifications

	Part number	Description
	DL2SG-SA	Log sensor DL2 SKIPPER for 100 mm Sea Valve
To be installed into	SB-100-XX	Sea valve 100 mm for single bottom hull
	DB-100-XX	Sea valve 100 mm for double bottom hull
To be used with	JB70D2-XX	Electronic Unit for DL2 Dual Axis Doppler Speed Log
Acoustic frequency range		270-284 kHz
Bottom detection (SOG)		<200 m
Cable length		40 m (may be extended or shortened. Recommended CAT6 cable)
Cable diameter		11 mm +/-0.5
Cable minimum bending radius		56 mm
Accuracy		0.2 kn or 2 % whichever is greater
Speed resolution		0.1 kn
Max speed		+/- 50 kn
Temperature accuracy		1 deg
Temperature resolution		0.1 deg
IP rating		IP 68
Depth rating		6 bar
Operating temperature		-15 to 55°C
Storage temperature		-20 to 70°C
Outputs		1 x NMEA (Proprietary formats) RS422
Input		1 x NMEA (Proprietary formats) RS422
Power input		Nom. 24 V (18 V to 32 V) 16 W
Weight		10.2 kg
Manufacturer		SKIPPER Electronics AS, Norway



125.3 mm



SKIPPER 
 SKIPPER Electronics AS
 Enebakkveien 150
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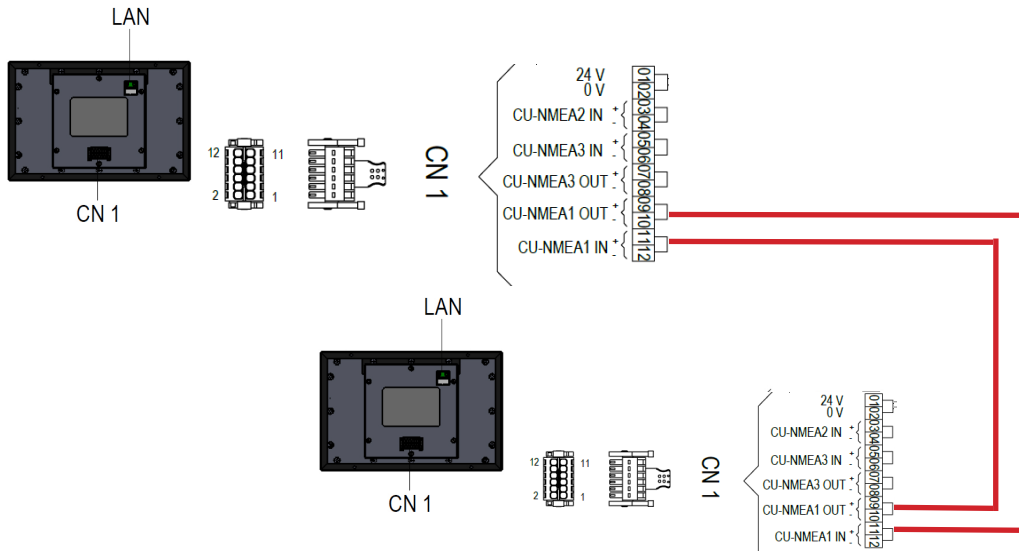
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 Date: January 2015
 Version: 07012015

All product specifications are subject to change without notice

APPENDIX 3: CONNECTING 2 SYSTEMS

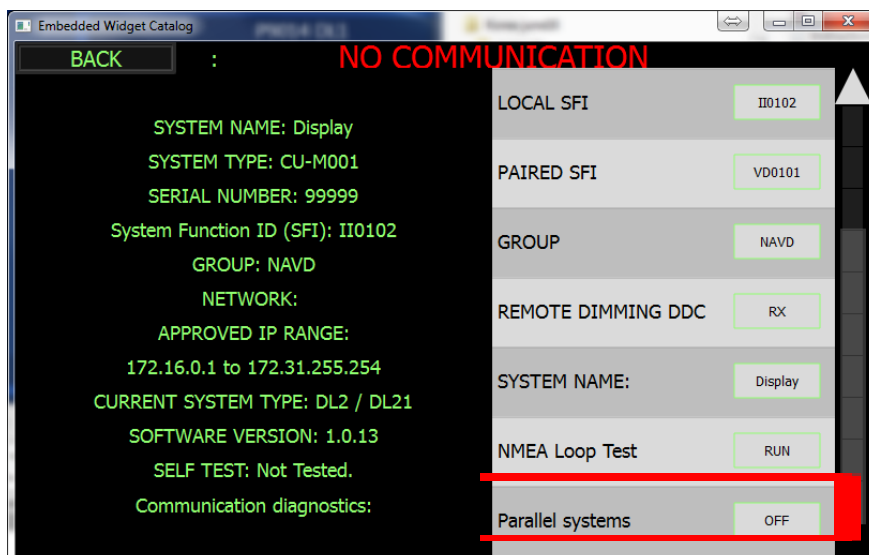
Some vessels require 2 systems connected together. It is currently not possible to have both systems running at the same time, however it is possible to get the systems to connect together such that both are powered, and by setting one unit in standby (Config menu) The other will wake up by itself.

To implement this the NMEA output of a CU-M001 graphic display on one system, must be connected to the input of the display of the other system. i.e cross over of NMEA.(pin 9-11, 10-12)



Note: CU-M001-SA and CU-M001-SB have different pin configuration for NMEA 1 In and Out. Drawing is showing CU-M001-SB

In addition the option ‘Parallel systems’ must be turned to ‘ON’ on the screens with NMEA connection.(Not on other duplicate screens)



In this mode all system parts will be powered. and when one system is placed in standby will be muted, and all IO will sleep. When it is woken (by touching the screen) it will command the other unit to go into standby. This reduces the time of changeover to a few seconds

APPENDIX 4: COMMISIONING CHECKLIST

Test Nr	Task	Test to be performed	Checklist
DL2 – 1	Wire and check the system	Wire together the JB70 LAN and CU-M001 Graphic display	<input type="checkbox"/>
DL2 – 2		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Display does not show 'NO COMMUNICATION' Set up the config as per instructions	<input type="checkbox"/>
DL2 - 3		Wire NMEA IN, NMEA OUT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> MFD shows VBW,x.x,y.y,A,x .x,y.y,A,,A,z.z,A , MTW, VLW Wire Relay output J2 to common alarm <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove power (AC and DC) and check you see alarm 	<input type="checkbox"/>
DL2 – 4	Install and connect sensor for DL2 to the JB70 unit (J3) Connect JB70 to CU-M001 display Check Sensor	Check Using the service software and the self test in Config – Diagnostic – Self test,	<input type="checkbox"/>
DL2 – 5		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Serial Number of sensor (DL2) should be same as on cable Firmware version should be correct (3.00 or greater) Live data should show quality factor (QF) 8 or 9 	<input type="checkbox"/>
DL2 – 6		Upgrade firmware to the version on the skipper websites	<input type="checkbox"/>
DL2 – 9	Install setup in the Bridge Conning system	Check on MFD that you see inputs from DL2	<input type="checkbox"/>
DL2 - 10		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You can see input VBW, VLW, MTW, occasional VDALR, Check on MFD that you can see the Outputs to the Log <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You can see VTG, DPT, GGA, occasional ACK 	<input type="checkbox"/>
DL2 – 11 DL2-12		Check NMEA 1/2 input Check on display – Config – Communication, that the input is showing GYRO and GPS information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Can see HDT/THS, ROT, VTG,GGA/GLL Can see aft speed on page D 	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

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